

### **NONRESIDENTIAL SITE PLAN APPLICATION**

## City of Rochester, New Hampshire

| Date: 6/8/2020                   | Is a conditional use n              | eeded?Yes:                   | _ No: <u></u> Ur         | nclear:          |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------|
|                                  | (If so, we encourage you            | u to submit an appl          | ication as soon          | as possible.)    |
| <b>Property information</b>      |                                     |                              |                          |                  |
| Tax map #: 216 & 221 ; Lot       | #('s): <u>32, 186 &amp; 187</u> ; Z | Zoning district: Inc         | dustrial                 |                  |
| Property address/location:       | 34 Chestnut Hill Road               |                              |                          |                  |
| Name of project (if applicable   | e): Lydall Performance Materia      | ls, Inc.                     |                          |                  |
| Size of site: 36.46 acres;       | overlay zoning district             | (s)? Aquifer Protection      | overlay                  |                  |
| Property owner                   |                                     |                              |                          |                  |
| Name (include name of indiv      | idual): Lydall Eastern, Inc. & I    | ydall Eastern Inc. Technica  | al Papers Division, Inc. | c.oTony Eldridge |
| Mailing address: 134 Chestnut H  | lill Road, Rochester, NH 03867      |                              |                          |                  |
| Telephone #: 603-332-4600        |                                     | Email:                       |                          |                  |
| Applicant/developer (if          | different from property o           | wner)                        |                          |                  |
| Name (include name of indiv      | idual): Budel Construction C        | orp. c/o Leon B. Meader      |                          |                  |
| Mailing address: 23 Meaderbord   | Road, Rochester NH 03867            |                              |                          |                  |
| Telephone #: 603 332-1282        |                                     | Email: info@budele           | construction.com         |                  |
| Engineer/designer                |                                     |                              |                          |                  |
| Name (include name of indiv      | idual): Norway Plains Assoc         | iates, Inc., c/o Scott A. La | awler, PE                |                  |
| Mailing address: PO Box 249, Roo | :hester, NH 03866-0249              |                              |                          |                  |
| Telephone #: 603-335-3948        |                                     | Fax #:                       |                          |                  |
| Email address: slawler@norwayp   | ains.com                            | _ Professional lic           | cense #: 10026           |                  |
| Proposed activity (check         | all that apply)                     |                              |                          |                  |
| New building(s): S               | Site development (othe              | r structures, park           | ting, utilities, et      | c.): <u>×</u>    |
| Addition(s) onto existing buil   | ding(s): X De                       | molition:                    | Change of u              | se:              |

Page 1 (of 3 pages)

| Describe proposed activity/use: To expand the existing manufacturing facility with a 46,800 sf addition. Furthermore,                                       |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| the parking, loading area and driveway will be constructed  |  |  |  |
| Describe existing conditions/use (vacant land?): There is an manufacturing existing building and paved area for parking                                     |  |  |  |
| Utility information   |  |  |  |
| City water? yes x no ; How far is City water from the site? less than 50 feet   |  |  |  |
| City sewer? yes x no; How far is City sewer from the site? less than 50 feet  |  |  |  |
| If City water, what are the estimated total daily needs? less than 500 gallons per day  |  |  |  |
| If City water, is it proposed for anything other than domestic purposes? yes no $\times$  |  |  |  |
| If City sewer, do you plan to discharge anything other than domestic waste? yes no $\underline{\times}$   |  |  |  |
| Where will stormwater be discharged? Gravel Wetland   |  |  |  |
| Building information  Type of building(s): Steel building addition to match existing building   |  |  |  |
| Building height: 35' Finished floor elevation: 234.5'   |  |  |  |
| Other information   |  |  |  |
| # parking spaces: existing: 108 total proposed: 166; Are there pertinent covenants? Number of cubic yards of earth being removed from the site N/A          |  |  |  |
| Number of existing employees: 125+/- ; number of proposed employees total: 140+/- Check any that are proposed: variance; special exception; conditional use |  |  |  |
| Wetlands: Is any fill proposed? No ; area to be filled:; buffer impact?   |  |  |  |

| Proposed <i>post-development</i> disposition of site (should total 100%) |                |                |  |  |
|--|----------------|----------------|--|--|
|  | Square footage | % overall site |  |  |
| Manufacturing Building   | 215,287        | 14.14          |  |  |
| Pump House   | 1,906          | 0.13           |  |  |
| Parking and vehicle circulation 32, 186 & 187                            | 218,749        | 14.37          |  |  |
| Planted/landscaped areas (excluding drainage)                            | 126,078        | 8.29           |  |  |
| Natural/undisturbed areas (excluding wetlands)                           | 792,680        | 52.08          |  |  |
| Wetlands   | 78,282         | 5.14           |  |  |
| Other – drainage structures, outside storage, etc.                       | 89,004         | 5.85           |  |  |

| Comments   |
|--|
| Please feel free to add any comments, additional information, or requests for waivers here:  |
| A waiver is required for the overall number of parking spaces.   |
|  |
| Submission of application  |
| This application must be signed by the property owner, applicant/developer (if different from property owner), and/or the agent.   |
| I(we) hereby submit this Site Plan application to the City of Rochester Planning Board pursuant to the <u>City of Rochester Site Plan Regulations</u> and attest that to the best of my knowledge all of the information on this application form and in the accompanying application materials and documentation is true and accurate. As applicant/developer (if different from property owner)/as agent, I attest that I am duly authorized to act in this capacity.  |
| Signature of property owner:   |
| Signature of applicant/developer:  |
| Signature of agent:  Date: 4-50-20   |
| Date: 5/1/20   |
| Authorization to enter subject property  I hereby authorize members of the Rochester Planning Board, Zoning Board of Adjustment, Conservation Commission, Planning Department, and other pertinent City departments, boards and agencies to enter my property for the purpose of evaluating this application including performing any appropriate inspections during the application phase, review phase, post-approval phase, construction phase, and occupancy phase. This authorization applies specifically to those particular individuals legitimately involved in evaluating, reviewing, or inspecting this specific application/project. It is understood that these individuals must use all reasonable care, courtesy, and diligence when entering the property.  Signature of property owner: |
| Date: 4/30/20  |

Updated

## NORWAY PLAINS ASSOCIATES, INC.

LAND SURVEYORS • SEPTIC SYSTEM DESIGNERS • CIVIL ENGINEERS

P.O. Box 249 Continental Blvd. (03867) Rochester, NH 03866-0249 Fax (603)332-0098 Phone (603) 335-3948 / (800) 479-3948 slawler@norwayplains.com



P. O. Box 268 31 Mooney St. Alton, NH 03809 www.norwayplains.com Phone & Fax (603) 875-3948 rtetreault@norwayplains.com

June 8, 2020

Seth Creighton, Chief Planner Planning Department City of Rochester 33 Wakefield Street Rochester, NH 03867

Re: Non- Residential Site Plan Application; Lydall Performance Materials, Inc.; 134 Chestnut Hill Road, Map 216, Lot 32 and Map 221, Lots 186 and 187.

Dear Mr. Creighton:

On behalf of Lydall Performance Materials, Inc and Budel Construction Corp., we hereby submit revised plans and nonresidential site plan application for a proposed phased industrial expansion their facility at 134 Chestnut Hill Road. Lydall Performance Materials, Inc has over 13 national and 8 international facilities which manufactures filtration and insulation products. Lydall Performance Materials, Inc. is proposing a building addition to their existing facility, with construction this summer. The overall addition will be 46,800 square feet.

Lydall Eastern, Inc. and Lydall Eastern, Inc.; Technical Papers Division owns multiple lots located on Chestnut Hill Road and off Lydall Way (Private). These parcels are all located within the Industrial (GI) zoning district. The parcels are located on the south side of Chestnut Hill Road with the Spaulding Turnpike to the east, the Cocheco River to the south with the NH DOT Rails to Trails and a couple residential properties to the north. Overall, the three parcels being developed consist of approximately 36.48 acres. Ultimately, these lots will be merged into a single lot to allow for the proposed expansion and site work. Map 216, Lot 32 is the only developed lot, whereas the other two lots are currently vacant. Jurisdictional wetlands were delineated by B.H. Keith Associates in July 2018 and the site-specific soils were evaluated on the vacant lot by Round Pond Soil Survey in May 2019.

Lydall Performance Materials, Inc. is proposing to construct a 180' x 260' (46,800 square feet) industrial building addition to their existing building. This building addition will be used to expand their facility by adding a new production line. This line will produce much needed filter materials necessary for the product of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE). As such, the US Government and State of New Hampshire has been working with the company to expediate the construction of this facility.

The steel framed and metal sided addition will be same beige color as the existing building and will have a flat roof. The new production line will generally operate the same hours of operation as the main facility; which is 7 days a week on a 24-hour, three shifts depending on the workload.

During the first phase, access to this addition will be through the existing site off Lydall Way. In addition to the paved areas for the large trucks and equipment, paved parking area will accommodate 30 vehicles at which two spaces are designated as accessible. In the full build-out, a new parking lot will be constructed which will add approximately 64 more spaces bring the overall site to a total of 167 spaces (6 of which will be ADA accessible). Based on the existing office and existing and proposed manufacturing spaces, the City of Rochester Site Plan Regulations would indicate the required number of spaces for the total build-out to be 227. The totaled required number is very high due to the overall number of employees and the sizes of the production lines. The facility currently employees about 125 employees, with an increase number proposed at this time at about 15. As such, a waiver is being requested to allow for 166 total spaces. If a need for additional parking arises, there is ample space to the northwest of the proposed addition to construct more.

The business expects one additional delivery of raw materials and shipping of finish goods a day. Thus, there will not be much increased in truck traffic or employee vehicles associated with the first phase. As future phases come on board, there is likely going to be a couple more trucks added to the traffic patterns. But given the limited number of loading docks, it is not anticipated to be substantially more than occurs under the current operations.

The stormwater from the new impervious surfaces and portions of the old roof will be directed towards a gravel wetland basin. The basin has been designed to accommodate the proposed expansion, the new parking lot as well as all of the rear parking lot and rear halve of the existing building roofs. Prior to discharging into the gravel wetlands basin, the stormwater will be directed into sediment forebay. Due to the presence of contaminated soil and groundwater in the proximity of the proposed development, infiltration of the stormwater into ground is not allowed. Therefore, the gravel wetlands basin will be lined to ensure there is no infiltration. The basin will have outlet structures to control the rate of discharge during the peak flows to closely mimic the pre-development peak flow rates. Emergency stone lined spillway will be installed on the berm of the basin. The result of the proposed project and stormwater management system will closely balance the pre-development and post-development flow rates. However, without being allowed to infiltrate into the ground, there will be an increase in the overall stormwater volumes. A waiver to the Site Review Regulations with respects to Stormwater Management and Erosion Control, Section 13(A) is respectively requested.

The new building addition will be serviced by City water via connections within the old facility. There will not be any non-domestic sewage generated by the first phase. The site will continue to be serviced by overhead utility lines that feed the existing facility. The applicant is proposing wall mounted lighting fixtures to limit the lighting to around the building.

Snow storage will be located on the end and southerly side of the main parking / unloading area and at the end of the building addition. The gravel access to the northern egress door is wide enough to accommodate the facility's snow plows.

With the phased project as designed, the development triggered the need for an Alteration of Terrain Permit from the NH Department of Environmental Services. This permit (AoT-1733) was approved on January 17, 2020. This permit will be amended shortly to reflect the changes in the overall design and the method for stormwater treatment. A new copy of the amended permit will be submitted to the City once issued. Furthermore, the proposed development required approval from NHDES for a Shoreland

Permit due to some of the work being proposed within 250 feet from the Cocheco River. This permit (Shoreland Permit 2019-03443) was approved on December 23, 2019. Since the impacted area granted by the Shoreland Bureau has not changed and the overall impervious coverage within the Shoreland zone has reduced, the is no need for a new permit.

We look forward to discussing this project with staff and the Planning Board. Thank you for your consideration Sincerely,

NORWAY PLAINS ASSOCIATES, INC.

By:

Scott A. Lawler, PE, Project Engineer

cc: Tony Eldridge – Lydall Eastern Inc. Technical Leon Meader – Budel Construction Corp.

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June 8, 2020

Seth Creighton, Chief Planner Planning Department City of Rochester 33 Wakefield Street Rochester, NH 03867

Re: Waiver Request: Section 10(A); Number of Parking Spaces, Lydall Performance Materials, Inc., 134 Chestnut Hill Road; Rochester, NH, Tax Map 216, Lot 32 and Tax Map 221, Lots 186 & 187.

Dear Seth:

On behalf of Lydall Performance Materials, Inc., Norway Plains Associates respectfully requests waivers to the following Site Plan Regulation:

#### **Waiver Request Section 10 (A):**

Section 10(A) of the Rochester Site Plan Review Regulations requires that the minimum number of designated off street parking shall be provided on each site based upon the type of use, as shown in the Table of Parking Requirements. For Industrial use, the requirement is 1 space per 1000 square feet of gross floor area plus 3 spaces per 1,000 gross square feet for area designated for offices or retail sales.

Under the Site Review Regulations, the existing and proposed industrial use, the total number of parking spaces based on the total gross floor area of the industrial use and the office use is 267:

158,808 sf existing Industrial + 46,800 sf proposed Industrial Plus 7,370 sf existing office 3 spaces per 1,000 sf Office

There are a total of 103 existing and 64 proposed parking spaces delineated on the site plans for a total of 167 spaces.

The facility currently employs about 125 which is disbursed over three shifts working 24-hour a day, 7-days a week. At this point, the facility has not had any parking conflicts due to the number of parking spaces. Even though the first phase of the expansion will add about 15 new employees and 5 new parking spaces, it should not posse a parking problem given how the shifts are broken up over the course of the day.

Under future phases, a new parking lot will be constructed to add additional 62 parking spaces bring the overall total to 167. The large expansion will be primarily used for large production lines which typically have very few employees. Thus, the owners do not forecast a parking problem once the expansion is completed. There is however, a large area westerly of the building that could constructed to provide more

parking if necessary.

Therefore, we respectively request a waiver to allow for less than amount of required parking set forth within the Rochester Site Review Regulations.

Thank you for your consideration.

Sincerely,

NORWAY PLAINS ASSOCIATES, INC.

By:\_

Scott A. Lawler, P.E., Project Engineer

Cc: Tony Eldridge, Lydall Performance Materials, Inc.

Budel Construction Corp.

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June 8, 2020

Seth Creighton, Chief Planner Planning Department City of Rochester 33 Wakefield Street Rochester, NH 03867

Re: Waiver Request: Section 13 (A); Stormwater Management, Lydall Performance Materials, Inc., 134 Chestnut Hill Road; Rochester, NH, Tax Map 216, Lot 32 and Tax Map 221, Lots 186 & 187.

Dear Seth:

On behalf of Lydall Performance Materials, Inc., Norway Plains Associates respectfully requests waivers to the following Site Plan Regulation:

#### **Waiver Request Section 13 (A):**

Section 13(1) of the Rochester Site Plan Review Regulations requires that a design for a sites stormwater management system shall be in compliance with Chapter 218 Stormwater management and Erosion Control. Pursuant to Section 218.8(c)(2), the proposed methods of handling stormwater runoff so there is no increase in the rate or volume of runoff that leaves the boundary of the site.

Chapter 218 Stormwater Management and Erosion Control of the City of Rochester of Code of Ordinances requires that there be stormwater management system designed to insure there is no increase in the peak rate of stormwater runoff and no increase in the volume of stormwater leaving the parcel. The control of the peak rate of discharge is usually controlled by retaining the peak flows from the different storm events and release it at a controlled rate via an outlet structure. Reducing the overall volume of the stormwater runoff generated by the development relies on infiltrating the additional runoff back into the ground and not allowing it to leave the parcel.

The initial design of the proposed development accomplished both achievements by utilizing an infiltration basin in the southwestern corner of the parcel. This infiltration basin captured majority of the runoff from the proposed expansion as well as some of the existing runoff from the building and parking lot. All of the runoff was treated and discharged back into the ground.

However, with the potential impacts to the contaminated soils and groundwater in the area, infiltration into the groundwater is not an acceptable practice. Therefore, the proposed development required redesign of the stormwater management system. Instead of an infiltration basin, a gravel wetland basin was designed. This gravel wetland basin treats the stormwater runoff through anaerobic action within a stone lined basin. Once treated, the stormwater is released a controlled rate via outlets structures.

This gravel wetland basin system will be lined to prevent any infiltration of the stormwater runoff into ground. Therefore, without the ability to infiltration, there will be an increased total volume of generated by the development. This increased volume will be discharged into the wetlands and then into the Cocheco River and will have any impact to the abutting property owners or the City of Rochester stormwater infrastructure.

Therefore, we respectively request a waiver to allow for a very slight increase in the peak rate of discharge during the 2-year, 24-hour storm event, the 10-year, 24-hour storm event and 25-year, 24-hour storm event forth within the City Rochester Chapter 218. Furthermore, we also respectively request to allow for an increase in the total volume of stormwater leaving the property near the wetlands adjacent to the Cocheco River.

Thank you for your consideration.

Sincerely,

NORWAY PLAINS ASSOCIATES, INC.

By:\_

Scott A. Lawler, P.E., Project Engineer

Cc: Tony Eldridge, Lydall Performance Materials, Inc.

Budel Construction Corp.



#### PFAS Information Requested During June 1st Planning Board Review

June 9, 2020

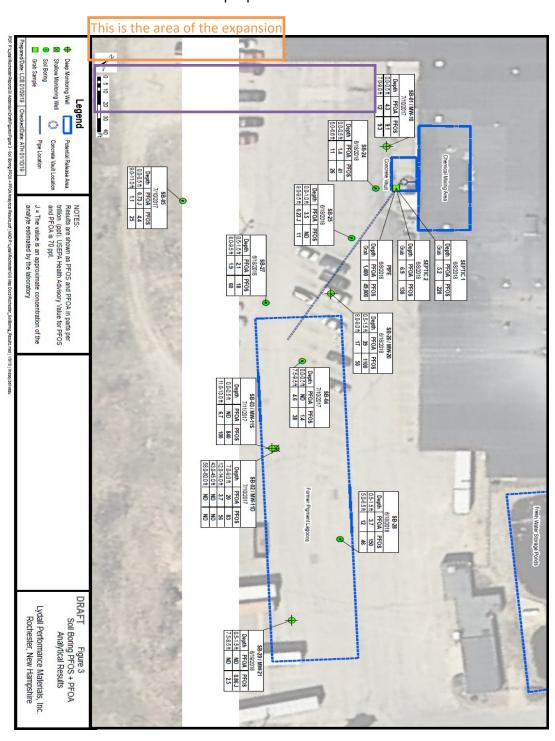
In the fourth quarter of 2016, as part of a groundwater discharging permitting process, water samples collected from wells and process water basins at the Rochester, New Hampshire manufacturing facility showed concentrations of Perfluorinated Compounds ("PFAS") in excess of state ambient groundwater quality standards. After the PFAS compounds were detected in on-site monitoring wells, an external consultant was retained to perform a site investigation which included sampling of nearby potable drinking water wells. This has been performed under the oversight of NHDES.

As a result of the sampling of the nearby potable drinking water wells, one "dug" well was identified as to have been impacted by PFAS compounds. The related residence was connected to city water at the expense of Lydall.

Lydall is in the process of conducting a site investigation, the scope of which has also been reviewed by the NHDES. Soil and groundwater water testing across the site has been performed, and a primary area of concern has been identified where there is a tank, pipe, and soils associated with former pigment lagoons (none of which has been in use since the 1980s). This area was historically remediated for other contaminants, and it appears as though some PFAS compounds remain in excess of guidance limits. This area was further investigated, and soil results are shown on the following page. The proposed expansion will not impact this area of concern. Lydall has created a Soil Management Plan to be used during the expansion process and will work with NHDES to monitor soils handled during the process under this plan.



The image below shows the area of concern for soil contamination (outlined in blue). No excavation, construction, or other activity is planned in this area as part of the building expansion project. The start of the building project is outlined in orange. There will be some stormwater drainage work done in the area outlined in purple.





June 5, 2020

SUBJECT: Lydall's Expansion Project and its Urgency

| то: | NH Department of<br>Environmental Services | NH Department of Business<br>& Economic Affairs | City of Rochester                              |
|-----|--|---|--|
|     | Michael Wimsatt                            | Cynthia Harrington                              | Seth Creighton, Chief Planner                  |
|     | Robert Scott, Commissioner<br>John Duclos  | Taylor Caswell, Commissioner                    | Mike Bezanson, Assistant Director Public Works |
|     |  |   | Dana Webber, Assistant City<br>Engineer        |
|     |  |   | Mike Scala, Director ED                        |
|     |  |   | Jenn Marsh, ED Specialist                      |
|     |  |   | Ian Rohrbacher, Water<br>Treatment             |
|     |  |   | Tim Goldthwaite, Assistant<br>City Engineer    |

Thank you for the opportunity to present the Lydall Expansion Project Proposal during your June 1, 2020 Planning Board Meeting. Lydall would like to provide the Board and Staff with additional information in support of our proposal prepare for the June 15 Review Meeting. Our goal is to gain planning approval so that we can maintain the overall project timeline to achieve full production by year end.

#### Lydall produces critical life sustaining products.

The Rochester, NH plant has continued all of its operations throughout the pandemic lockdown, providing essential materials to the fight the spread of COVID-19. Please find included within a summary of Lydall's actions in response to the pandemic. Many new procedures have been implemented to assure the highest level of safety for our employees and limit the risks associated with COVID-19. We are very proud of our team and its resiliency and responsiveness in the face of the pandemic emergency.





## Proposed building extension will house production line capable of producing meltblown materials.

The process to be installed is a 'dry' process that transforms plastic pellets into fiber-based filter materials. Lydall currently operates similar production lines using this process onsite, and the new line will expand the capacity for these materials.

#### Meltblown materials are critical for N95 and surgical face mask production.

Included within is an overview describing the production process and face mask construction. As a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, there is a critical shortage of PPE (Personal Protective Equipment), and face masks specifically. Since the beginning of the pandemic, Lydall has worked at the Federal and State levels alongside our customers on how to address this shortage.

Lydall has repurposed production assets, developed a wider range of products and maximized its production. Since the beginning of the pandemic, Lydall Rochester has operated 24/7 to maximize current production of these materials. As an organization, we have also worked rapidly to develop the current expansion plan for adding production. We are one of four companies within the United States with the demonstrated experience in producing this caliber of meltblown filtration materials needed for N95 and surgical face masks.

#### Why Rochester?

Rochester has been identified as a Center of Excellence within Lydall for production of these materials. We currently operate similar equipment in Rochester and know locating the equipment here will be the fastest path to installation, start-up and commercialization. The products being produced are targeted to meet the critical need for PPE in the United States, and we will be proud to support that cause with our material produced here in New Hampshire.

#### Commercial Impact

The new production line will double Lydall's capacity to produce meltblown material which will provide the material for an additional 50 million N95 face masks per month. Additionally, Lydall will hire roughly 15 new production and support personnel in Rochester. A possible second production line is currently under review which would fit within the proposed building as well, which will double capacity again as well as add more new jobs in Rochester.





#### Lydall's commitment and investment in this program is significant.

The equipment producing the materials is unique and in extreme demand around the world. Lydall has committed to the purchase of this production line six weeks ago. Lydall leveraged our prior relationship with the equipment supplier to secure an early position in their production queue and to lock-in on expedited delivery of the equipment.

#### Building approval request is reduced to 46,700 FT2 footprint.

The initial planning board application showed a phased approach seeking approval for a larger building the length of the existing structure. Due to the concerns raised and the urgency of the project, Lydall has narrowed the scope to the smaller footprint capable of handling the initial production line and the potential second new line should it be required. If Lydall pursues a larger expansion in the future, we will submit a separate proposal to the board.

#### Lydall is committed to working with NHDES to address PFAS at Rochester property.

Since 2016, Lydall has worked closely with NHDES identifying, monitoring and remediating PFAS at the Rochester plant. Several modifications have been made to the proposed building plans based on discussions with NHDES. As proposed, this project does not impact the PFAS conditions at the site or Lydall's commitment and ability to continue to work with NHDES on future remediation.

## Proposed addition does not require additional city water supply for manufacturing process.

As noted earlier, this is a 'dry' process. The new building will house an employee bathroom and a cleaning area, but there is no water to be used in the production process itself. Several questions have been raised by DPW and responses provided by Norway Plains to these questions. These questions are primarily related to our existing operations and not related to the building proposal approval. Lydall will continue to work with the city in parallel on these topics but request that these topics not delay the planning approval for the new building.





#### Why is timing critical?

Building completion is the critical path to successfully producing this important material by year end. Process equipment is on order and is scheduled to begin arriving at the Rochester site in late September.

The COVID-19 pandemic continues. Indications are that we will continue to battle the virus into next year with resurgences expected as early as the Fall. With the ongoing shortage and surging demand of PPE, it is critical to continuously replenish PPE supplies, especially as businesses and the economy reopens.

Every day matters.

Combine Eller

Lydall appreciates your attention and support concerning this important project.

Sincerely,

Andrew Uhl

Vice President, Operations & Supply Chain



## **Support Materials**

| Rochester, NH Fact Sheet                 | 6-7   |
|--|-------|
| COVID-19 Products                        | 8-9   |
| Face Mask Materials                      | 10-12 |
| Summary of COVID-19 Response Actions     | 13    |
| Overview: How Meltblown Filtration Works | 14    |
| NHDES Letter                             | 15-17 |





#### Lydall Performance Materials, Rochester, New Hampshire

## Fact Sheet: Lydall Invests in New Fine Fiber Meltblown Production Line to Meet Rising Global Face Mask Demand

#### Company Background

Founded in 1869 and headquartered in Manchester, Connecticut with global manufacturing operations, Lydall delivers value-added engineered materials and specialty filtration solutions that promote a cleaner, quieter and safer world. We partner with our customers to develop bespoke, high-performing and efficient solutions that are adaptable and scalable to meet their needs. Lydall is a New York Stock Exchange-listed company (NYSE: LDL).

As one of three business units in Lydall, Lydall Performance Materials is a global leader in delivering innovative, specialty filtration solutions for demanding applications to enable a cleaner, healthier and more energy efficient world. In our manufacturing facility in Rochester, New Hampshire, we manufacture high-quality, engineered materials for use in a variety of finished products, including N95 respirators and surgical and medical face masks that help fight the spread of COVID-19.

#### Critical Need

- Lydall is one of the only companies in North America and Europe with the technical expertise, supplier
  relationships and access to the right machines to produce the caliber of meltblown filtration media needed
  for N95, surgical and medical face masks.
- We currently receiving 10-12 times the orders for meltblown filtration media we have the capacity to fulfill, and we have quickly pivoted to address the worldwide surge in demand for PPE and other products.
- In our Rochester, New Hampshire facility, we have ordered another state-of-the-art meltblown production line to keep pace with demand.
- We will hire up to 15 more employees later this year to support this new operation which will more than double our monthly output of filtration media.
- In March 2020, the Department of Health and Human Services estimated that 3.5 billion face masks are required to protect healthcare workers.
- In 2015, the National Institute of Health projected that the U.S. needs 1.7 billion N95 face masks during a pandemic.





#### By the Numbers

- At our Rochester, New Hampshire facility, Lydall produces enough filtration media to create 21 million N95 masks and 34.4 million surgical/medical face masks per month.
- To keep pace with demand, Lydall ordered a fourth production line in April that will more than double monthly output, to 50 million N95 masks.
- By January 2021, Lydall's annual output of N95, surgical and medical face masks will exceed 1 billion.
- Lydall supplies filtration media to about 25 domestic face mask manufacturers (roughly a third of U.S. face mask manufacturers).
- Lydall is currently receiving 10-12 times the orders it has the capacity to fulfill.

#### COVID-19 Response

"When it first became apparent that COVID-19 would have a significant impact on the global economy, we acted rapidly and decisively to safeguard the health and safety of our global workforce and the sustainability of our business," Sara A. Greenstein, President and Chief Executive Officer, said. "We immediately responded to the large unmet need and global shortage of supplies for front line and first responder personnel and reprioritized our manufacturing capabilities in North America and Europe to produce filtration products used in N95 respirators, surgical and medical masks, and medical wipes, pads and gowns."

"In the wake of COVID-19, the need for the filtration media that makes face masks effective has increased dramatically, so much so that it is now being called the 'golden fleece,'" Sara A. Greenstein, President and CEO of Lydall, said. "As one of the only companies in North America and Europe with the technical expertise, supplier relationships and access to the right machines to produce this filtration media, we feel great responsibility to do everything within our power to increase our output, support domestic supply chains and contribute to the global fight against COVID-19. This investment is one example of Lydall's commitment to do just that."

"Being a trustworthy business partner is a top priority at Lydall. It is always our goal to provide our customers with a consistent supply of high-quality, specialty products and superior customer service," Ashish Diwanji, incoming President of Lydall Performance Materials, added. "As the principal supplier of meltblown filtration media to many of the U.S.'s largest face mask producers, we are currently operating at full capacity, with our extraordinarily dedicated team running our existing production lines 24 hours a day, seven days a week. We are pleased that the new installation of this asset will enable us to substantially increase our output of this critically-needed product."





Lydall's Nonwoven materials and conversion technologies are used in many life sustaining products to fight the spread of COVID-19 and support treatment of COVID-19 related symptoms.



#### Filtration Media for Surgical Masks

- Efficiency and protective layers
- BFE 95 and 98 (EN-14683, ASTM F-2100), N95 (NIOSH)
- Tie strap materials
- Meltblown, needle felt, triboelectric

#### Contact Aaron Frost at afrost@lydall.com



#### Cryogenic Insulation for Oxygen Tanks

- Oxygen compatible, non-flammable
- High payload retention
- Low pump down times

Contact Anatoli Kogan at akogan@lydall.com



#### Cryogenic Insulation for Electron Cryomicroscopy Testing and Biologic Storage

- Non-flammable
- High payload retention
- Low pump down times

Contact Anatoli Kogan at akogan@lydall.com



#### Filtration Media for Respirator Masks

- Polypropylene meltblown efficiency and protective layers
- N95 (NIOSH), FFP 1, 2, 3 (EN149)
- Produced on state-of-the-art equipment
- P100 and HEPA solutions also available

Contact Aaron Frost at afrost@lydall.com



#### **Battery and Electrical Insulation for Ventilators**

 Cellulose, glass, ceramic medias for fire protection as well as electrical and thermal insulation.

Contact John Walsh at jwalsh@lydall.com



#### Diagnostics Testing

- Uniform wicking
- Sample pad, Conjugate pad
- Blood separator

Contact Aaron Frost at afrost@lydall.com



Lydall's Nonwoven materials and conversion technologies are used in many life sustaining products to fight the spread of COVID-19 and support treatment of COVID-19 related symptoms.



## Sealing Products for Medical and Consumable Cold Storage

- Hermetic compressors for preservation of consumables and blood/plasma
- Semi-Hermetic compressors for hospitals, supermarkets and distribution centers

Contact Jon Bush at jbush@lydall.com



#### Patient Care - Washcloths and Bed Pads

- Medical wipes/Bathfelt medias for cleaning and bathing wipes solutions for patients
- Soaker pad felts for hospital under pads
- Needle felt materials

Contact Louis Bouffard at lbouffard@lydall.com



#### Sealing Products for Portable and Standby Power Generation

 Hospitals, nursing homes, data centers, cell towers, pharmacies, grocery stores, first responders, government agencies, waste water treatment plants

Contact Jon Bush at jbush@lydall.com



#### **HEPA Filtration Media for Hospitals**

- Bio Bench
- HEPA, ULPA for surgical suites, clean rooms and devices
- Gas Phase and Antimicrobial

Contact Geoff Crosby at gcrosby@lydall.com



#### **FDA Materials for Garments**

- Medias from Polyester, Polypropylene, and Viscose FDA grade materials
- 70-400 gsm (2-12 osy)
- Needle felt materials

Contact Alex Alexis at aalexis@lydall.com



#### Rapid Prototyping for Advanced Solutions

- Joint development for product and part design
- Nonwovens contract manufacturing
- Extensive applications testing
- Vast network of nonwoven converters

Contact Michael O'Laughlin at molaughlin@lydall.com





## Lydall is your turn-key solutions provider for face mask expertise, materials and production support.

## **Expertise & Connections**

#### **Filtration Expertise**

 40+ years of expertise in the Filtration industry

#### Partnerships for Advanced Solutions

 We find solutions to bring face mask production to life in days, not months!

#### **Industry Connections**

 Intimate relationships with partners in equipment manufacturing for face mask production

## Critical Filtration Layers

#### **N95 Respirator Masks**

 Meltblown media produced on state-of the art equipment

#### ASTM 1, 2, 3 Medical Masks

 BFE 95-99 Meltblown, Needlepunch and Carded Synthetic Materials

#### **General Purpose Masks**

 BFE ratings 75+ of needlepunch and carded materials with large production capacity to serve general face covering needs

#### Supporting Materials

#### **Comfort Layers**

 Nonwoven materials with soft surface for all-day comfort and excellent moisture management

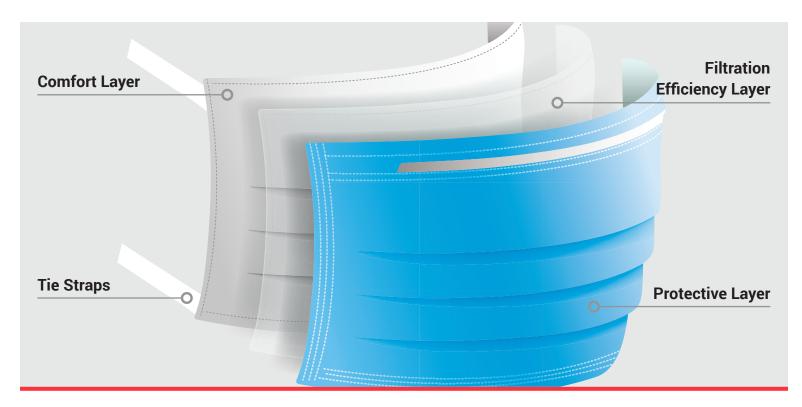
#### **Protective Layers**

 Various nonwoven materials available for full range of mask designs

#### **Tie Straps**

 Synthetic and Cellulose materials ideal for comfortable ear straps/tie straps for medical masks





#### **COVID-19 Face Masks Materials**

Lydall offers a robust portfolio of nonwoven materials for customers who are producing face masks to fight the spread of COVID-19. Whether you require N95 media for respirator masks, BFE 98 media for medical masks, or media for a general purpose mask, we've got you covered when it comes to the filtration efficiency layer of the mask. We also offer media for other components of the face mask including the comfort and protective layers and the tie straps.

#### **Filtration Efficiency Layer**

High-quality materials available for various protection needs:

#### Best Protection For N95 Respirator Masks



#### MB 7073

- NIOSH regulated
- Removes 95% of 0.3 micron particles
- · Meltblown media

## Better Protection For Medical Masks



#### MB 1049HW, NP 0150PC

- Type I,II,IIR (EN 14683) & Level 1, 2, 3 (ASTM F2100)
- BFE >98 removes 98% of 3 micron particles
- · Meltblown media, Needlepunch media

#### Good Protection For General Purpose Masks



#### IHB 0189IC, NP 0200EF

- BFE >75 removes 75% of 3 micron particles
- Carded media, Needlepunch media

| Typical Properties                                     | MB 7073             | MB 1049HW           | NP 0150PC            | IHB 0189IC                     | NP 0200EF            | Test Method                          |
|--|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Basis Weight - osy (gsm)                               | 0.9 osy<br>(30 gsm) | 0.9 osy<br>(30 gsm) | 4.4 osy<br>(150 gsm) | 1.8 osy<br>(60 gsm)            | 5.9 osy<br>(200 gsm) | T.A.P.P.I T - 410<br>A.S.T.M D - 646 |
| Breathability - mmWc/cm2                               | 3.25                | 1.75                | 0.5                  | 0.5                            | 1.5                  | EN 14683, Palas<br>MFP 3000, 8 lpm   |
| NIOSH Efficiency<br>(42CFR, Part 84) (@10 cm/s)        | 95%                 | n/a                 | n/a                  | n/a                            | n/a                  | TSI 8130                             |
| Bacterial Filtration Efficiency<br>(BFE)* (@12.0 cm/s) | > 99%               | > 98%               | > 95%                | > 75%                          | > 75%                | Lydall<br>Proprietary*               |
| Material   | Polypropylene       | Polypropylene       | Polypropylene        | Polyethylene/<br>Polypropylene | Polyester            |                                      |
| Color  |                     |                     | White                |                                |                      |                                      |

<sup>\*</sup> Lydall has developed a proprietary, correlated, flat sheet test method for BFE. It is the face mask manufacturer's responsibility to test the final article to the required full test methodologies for certification.

#### **Additional Face Mask Materials**

## Comfort Layer NP 0125EV Medical Felt

- Also referred to as the skin contact layer
- Polyester/Viscose blend needlepunch media
- Soft surface for all-day comfort
- Excellent moisture management
- 3.7 osy (125 gsm)

## Tie Straps Manniweb® 5190

- Viable substitute for elastics
- Soft polyester material provides more comfort and adjustable convenience for user
- 1.0 osy (30.5 gsm)

## Protective Layers NP 0095P Felt

- Polypropylene needlepunch media for ultrasonically sealed masks
- Viable substitute for spunbond polypropylene media
- 2.8 osy (95 gsm)

#### IHB 0949PL

- Polyethylene/Polypropylene carded thermal-bonded media
- 0.9 osy (32 gsm)

## For more information on Lydall's BEST or BETTER protection, please contact:

North America:

Aaron Frost at afrost@lydall.com

FMFA

Bruno Chenu at <a href="mailto:bchenu@lydall.com">bchenu@lydall.com</a>

APAC:

Abhi Saxena at asaxena@lydall.com

## For more information on Lydall's GOOD protection or Additional Face Mask Materials, please contact:

North America:

Jean Girard at jgirard@lydall.com

EMEA:

Peter Keck at pkeck@lydall.com

APAC

Sara Lin at slin@lydall.com



Note: All product data is nominal and does not represent a specification. All data and statements concerning these products may be considered as being indicative of representative properties and characteristics obtainable. We make no warranty, expressed or implied, concerning actual use or results because of industry specific influences.



#### **Summary of COVID-19 Response Actions**

COVID 19 has made continued manufacturing operations very challenging. From the very early days of the pandemic, Lydall initiated many new practices and procedures with the primary goal being the safety of our employees. These have evolved as we have learned more and as the pandemic progressed. These practices include but are not limited to:

- Developed a Lydall Emergency Preparedness Team at senior level to guide our response
- Communicated actively on COVID-19 information and guidance from relevant governing bodies
- Eliminated plant access to all but necessary personnel
- Social distancing in operations: limited contact among employees, eliminated areas to congregate
- Instituted work from home for support functions
- Instituted enhanced regular cleaning of work areas throughout operation
- Developed response procedures for any suspected instance of COVID-19 connected to our operation
- Contracted external cleaning services for deep cleaning of operations when warranted
- Instituted practice of mandatory face coverings
- Implemented touchless sign in for time clocks
- Instituted temperature scanning for employees coming on shift
- Supported benefits for all employees off work due to COVID-19 quarantining or evaluations
- Developed back to work procedures to follow for those returning to work

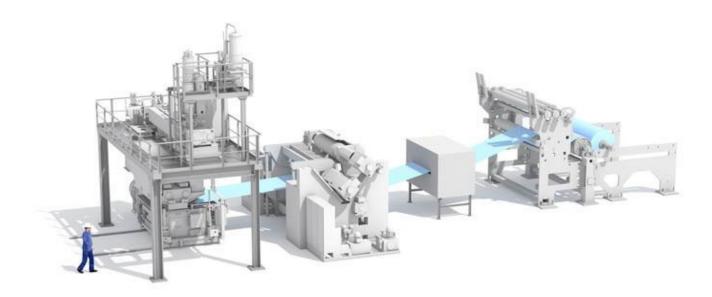
These are just a number of the actions taken to ensure the safety of our employees as they continue to work to produce essential products.





#### **Overview: How Meltblown Filtration Works**

Meltblown technology is used to extrude fine fibers made of polymers into a continuous roll process. This material is electrostatically charged. The combination of fine fibers, electrostatic charge, specialty raw materials and the meltblown process yields a material that filters particles with high efficiency but allows for very low air resistance. This means that the fundamental technology is perfect for face mask applications where viruses and bacteria must be captured, while allowing users to breathe easily.



Fine fibers and electrostatic charging are required to achieve the respirators and face mask filtration efficiencies required during the COVID-19 pandemic.



#### The State of New Hampshire



#### Robert R. Scott, Commissioner



VIA EMAIL ONLY

June 1, 2020

John Peacock, Senior Director
Environmental, Health, Safety, Sustainability & Security
Lydall Performance Materials, Inc.
134 Chestnut Hill Road, PO Box 1960
Rochester, New Hampshire 03867-1960

Subject: Lydall Building Expansion Project

Dear Mr. Peacock:

I am writing on behalf of the New Hampshire Department of Environmental Services (NHDES) to summarize our May 29, 2020 discussions with you, your staff, and your consultants relative to the proposed building expansion at your Rochester facility. It is our understanding that your proposed expansion is intended to house machinery and equipment for production of "meltblown" filter media, a key component of N95 respirator masks that have become so important to protecting first responders and medical personnel during the current COVID-19 pandemic. Your hope is to complete construction and be operational as soon as January 2021, in order to significantly increase your capacity to supply this vital material to mask manufacturers. We also understand that Lydall has an application pending before the Rochester Planning Board and must obtain approval before moving forward with the construction project. We fully appreciate the urgency, and hope to assist you in successfully meeting your schedule.

As we discussed on Friday, the site design and plans that were submitted last fall to NHDES' Alteration of Terrain (AOT) program staff for review did not adequately consider soil and groundwater conditions at the site relative to the presence of per- and poly-fluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) contamination. Because the AOT program staff were unaware of the presence of these contaminants at the site, their review of the design was not fully informed and therefore incomplete. It is also our understanding that the Rochester Planning Department has expressed concerns about issuing project approval before these issues have been vetted.

Following our meeting on Friday, and in light of revised plans submitted since the meeting, NHDES is confident that the concerns that we expressed relative to the project design components and their potential impact on future remedial measures needed to address site contaminants can be promptly addressed. I have summarized below each of those concerns, and the path to resolution for each, which were discussed during our meeting:

John Peacock, Senior Director Lydall Performance Materials Inc. June 1, 2020 Page 2 of 3

Location/route of force main.

The proposed route and location of the force main traverses an area of soil contamination that is slated for future excavation and soil removal. As discussed, the presumptive solution is to reroute the force main so that it does not intersect this area of contamination. Your consultant has since submitted a revised design which reroutes the force main.

2) Incorporation/consideration of groundwater remedial system design needs into building foundation design.

The footprint of the proposed building is located in part within an area that is slated for future groundwater extraction associated with a groundwater "pump and treat" remediation system. It will be necessary to make provision for necessary infrastructure associated with the extraction and treatment system, including any extraction wells or piping needs. These features will need to be incorporated into the foundation and building design.

3) Stormwater management.

The original proposed design would convey stormwater for onsite disposal via a constructed infiltration basin. Given the presence of soil and groundwater contamination at the site, insufficient information to fully model the potential impacts infiltration may have on contaminant migration, and the time limitations imposed by the desired project schedule, after the conclusion of our meeting NHDES determined that an alternate stormwater management technology will need to be implemented. AOT program staff initiated discussion with your consultants on this topic, and a new design has been submitted, which eliminates the infiltration basin and features instead lined gravel wetlands.

4) Soil management plan for construction.

In order to ensure proper soil characterization and handling, construction projects on sites where soil contamination is present need to have a detailed soil management plan in place prior to start of the project. Our site remediation staff can provide guidance and examples of such plans to your consultants.

Given that new design plans have already been provided to the AOT program and that your consultants are actively working to address NHDES concerns, we believe that these issues can be resolved promptly. Our site remediation program project manager, Matthew Taylor, is prepared to assist and provide guidance, and may be reached at <a href="matthew.taylor@des.nh.gov">matthew.taylor@des.nh.gov</a>. In addition, in lieu of submitting a new AOT application, you can make a request for an AOT permit amendment to incorporate the necessary design changes. It may be necessary to submit a waiver request in order to do so. Please contact the design review engineer, Gloria Andrews, at <a href="mailto:Gloria.andrews@des.nh.gov">Gloria.andrews@des.nh.gov</a> for details on this process.

John Peacock, Senior Director Lydall Performance Materials Inc. June 1, 2020 Page 3 of 3

We look forward to working with you in order to advance this project, while ensuring that the necessary site remediation concerns are addressed concurrently. If you have any questions about this letter, or any concerns as we move forward, please do not hesitate to contact me via email or phone.

Sincerely yours,

Michael J. Wimsatt, P.G., Director

2 Ilda

Waste Management Division

michael.wimsatt@des.nh.gov

Tel. No. 603-271-1997

cc: Jeff Milem – Lydall

Cynthia Harrington – NH Business & Economic Affairs

Seth Creighton – City of Rochester

Mike Bezanson – City of Rochester

Robert Scott, Commissioner – NHDES

Thomas O'Donovan - NHDES Water Division

Ridge Mauck - NHDES AOT Program

Gloria Andrews – NHDES AOT Program

Matthew Taylor – NHDES Hazardous Waste Remediation Bureau

# LYDALL BUILDING EXPANSION

134 CHESTNUT HILL ROAD, ROCHESTER, NH 03867

PREPARED FOR

LYDALL PERFORMANCE MATERIALS, INC. Received 6/9/2020 MAY 2020





CIVIL ENGINEERS

NORWAY PLAINS ASSOCIATES, INC. 2 CONTINENTAL BOULEVARD ROCHESTER, NEW HAMPSHIRE 03867 (603) 335-3948

FILE NO. 154

PLAN NO. C-3059

DWG. NO. 17233/SP-3

CAREFULLY REVIEW ALL SHEETS OF THIS PACKAGE TO INSURE PROPER CONSTRUCTION. SPECIFIC SITE CONDITIONS SHOULD BE EXPLORED PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. CONTACT BOTH THE DESIGN ENGINEER AND THE PROJECT OWNER FOR ANY AVAILABLE GEOTECHNICAL OR HYDROGEOLOGICAL INFORMATION AVAILABLE BUT NOT CONTAINED WIT IN THE PLAN SET. IF THERE ARE ANY QUESTIONS WITH THE DESIGN PRESENTED IN THIS PLAN SET PLEASE CONTACT THE ENGINEERING STAFF AT NORWAY PLAINS ASSOCIATES, INC. (603)-335-3948.

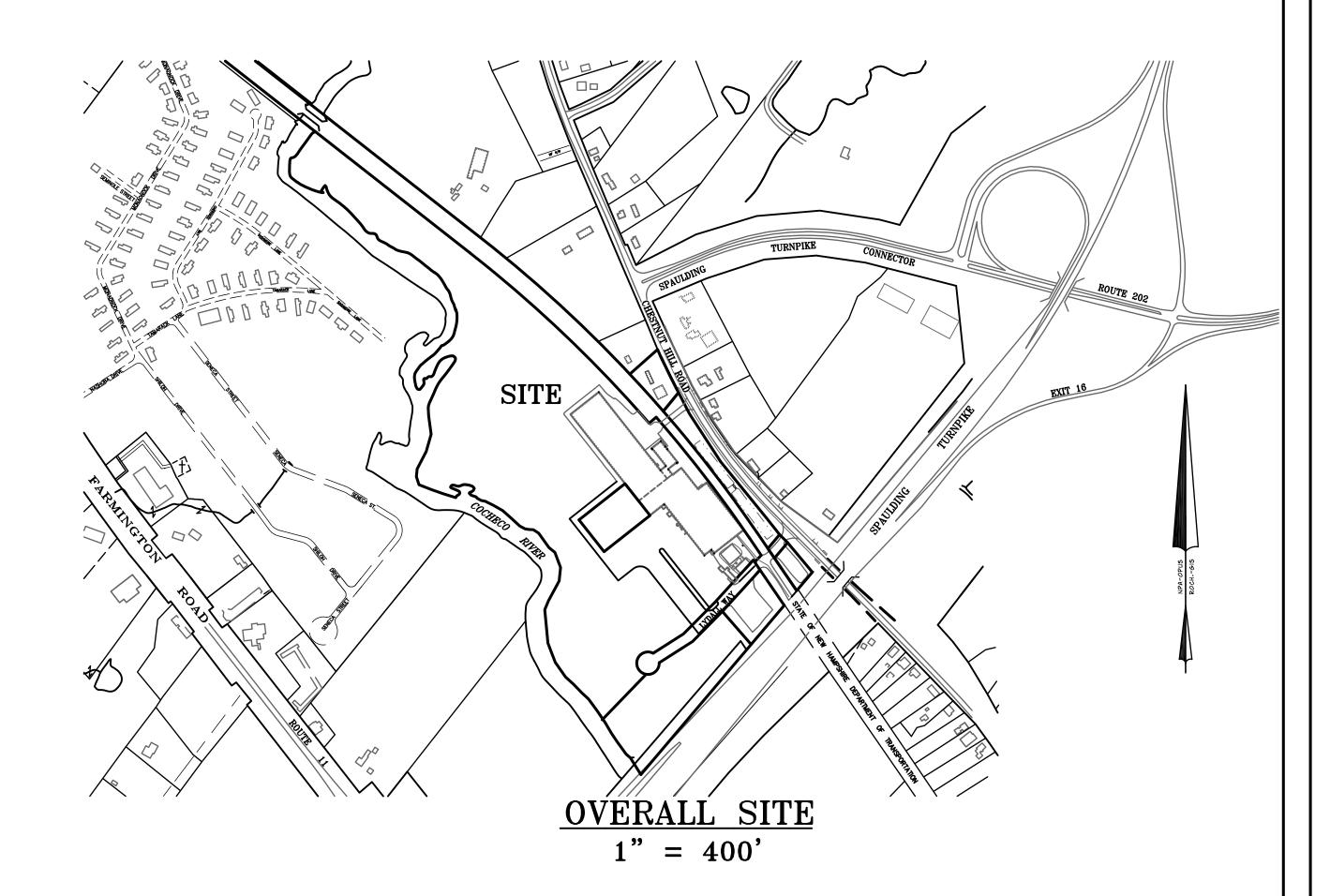
## OWNER OF RECORD

TAX MAP 216, LOT 32 OWNER OF RECORD: LYDALL EASTERN, INC. 134 CHESTNUT HILL ROAD ROCHESTER, NH 03867 SCRD BOOK 1769, PAGE 359

TAX MAP 221, LOT 186 & 187 OWNER OF RECORD: LYDALL EASTERN, INC. TECHNICAL PAPERS DIVISION 134 CHESTNUT HILL ROAD ROCHESTER, NH 03867 SCRD BOOK 2141, PAGE 753

## **APPLICANT**

LYDALL EASTERN INC. 134 CHESTERNUT HILL ROAD ROCHESTER, NH 03867 (603) 332-4600



| <u> </u> | ETT THE OTHER PROPERTY.    |              |
|----------|----------------------------|--------------|
| NHDES    | ALTERATION OF TERRAIN:     | AoT-1733     |
| NHDES    | WETLANDS PERMIT:           | NOT REQUIRED |
| NHDES    | DAM PERMIT:                | NOT REQUIRED |
| NHDES    | SHORELAND PERMIT:          | 2019-03443   |
| NHDES    | SUBSURFACE SYSTEMS PERMIT: | NOT REQUIRED |
| NHDES    | WASTEWATER PERMIT:         | NOT REQUIRED |
| NHDOT    | DRIVEWAY/ENTRANCE PERMIT:  | NOT REQUIRED |
|          |                            |              |

THE DISTURBED AREA CRITERIA BELOW AND HAVING A POINT SOURCE STORMWATER DISCHARGE FROM THE SITE TO AN ADJACENT WETLAND OR WATER BODY (I.E. CULVERT, SWALE, ETC OUTLETING TO A WETLAND, CREEK, STREAM OR RIVER).

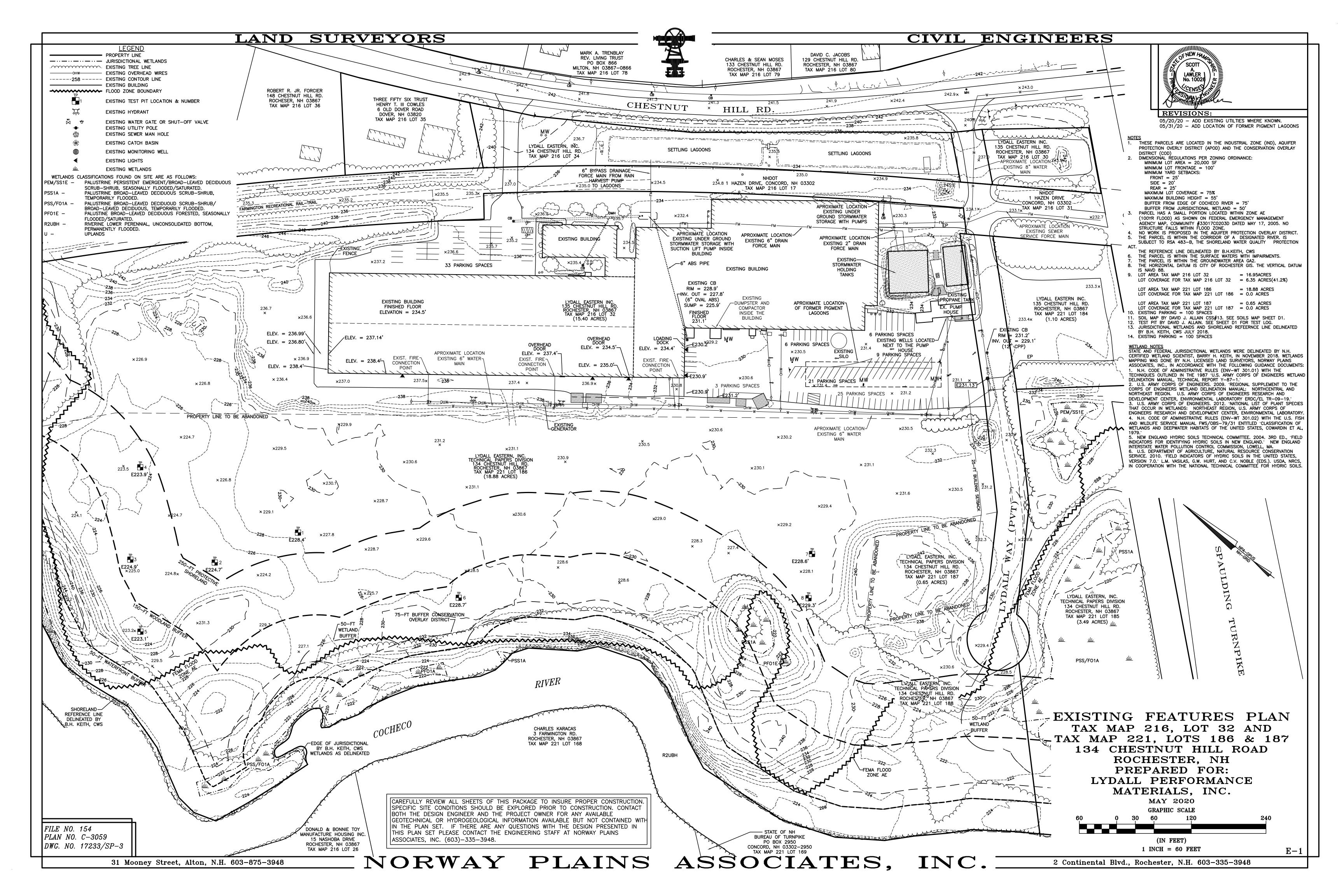
### NPDES PERMIT:

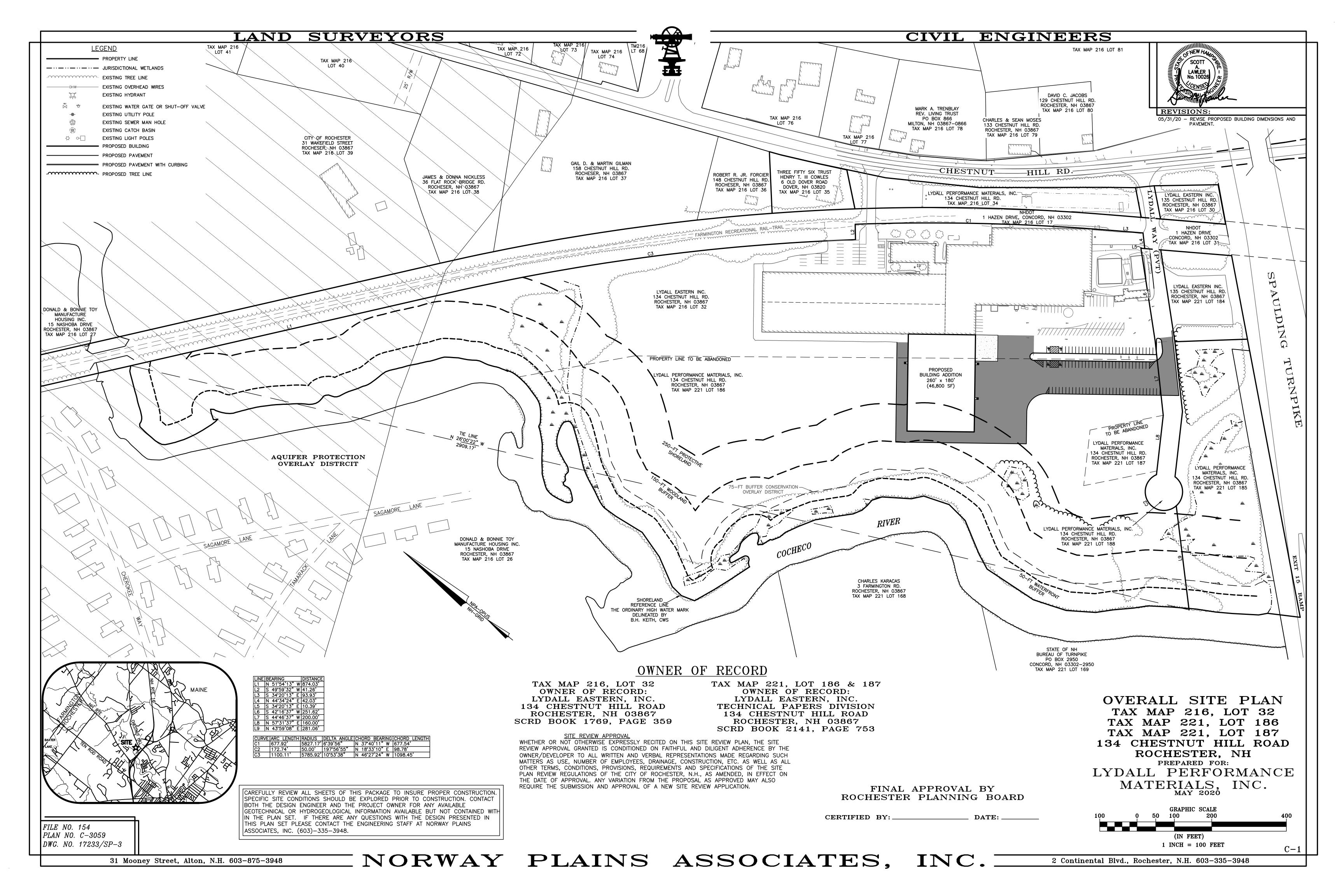
NPDES PERMITS CONSIST OF A NOTICE OF INTENT (NOI) FILED WITH THE ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY AT LEAST 14 DAYS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION COMMENCING AND A STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWPPP) BEING PREPARED, KEPT ON SITE AND FOLLOWED BY THE CONTRACTOR.

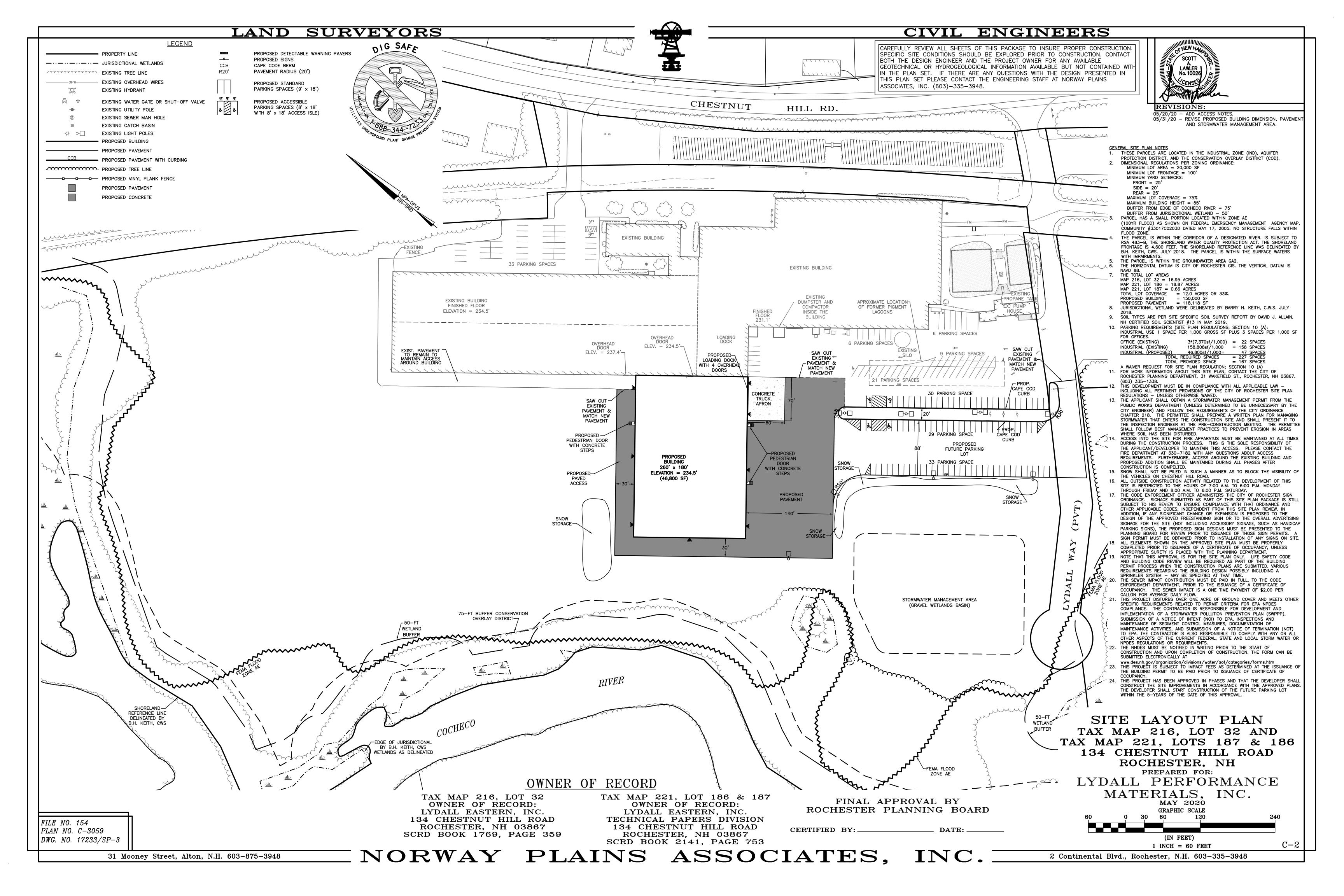
FOR STATUS OF THIS PERMIT, CONTACT THE PROJECT GENERAL CONTRACTOR. FINAL APPROVAL BY ROCHESTER PLANNING BOARD

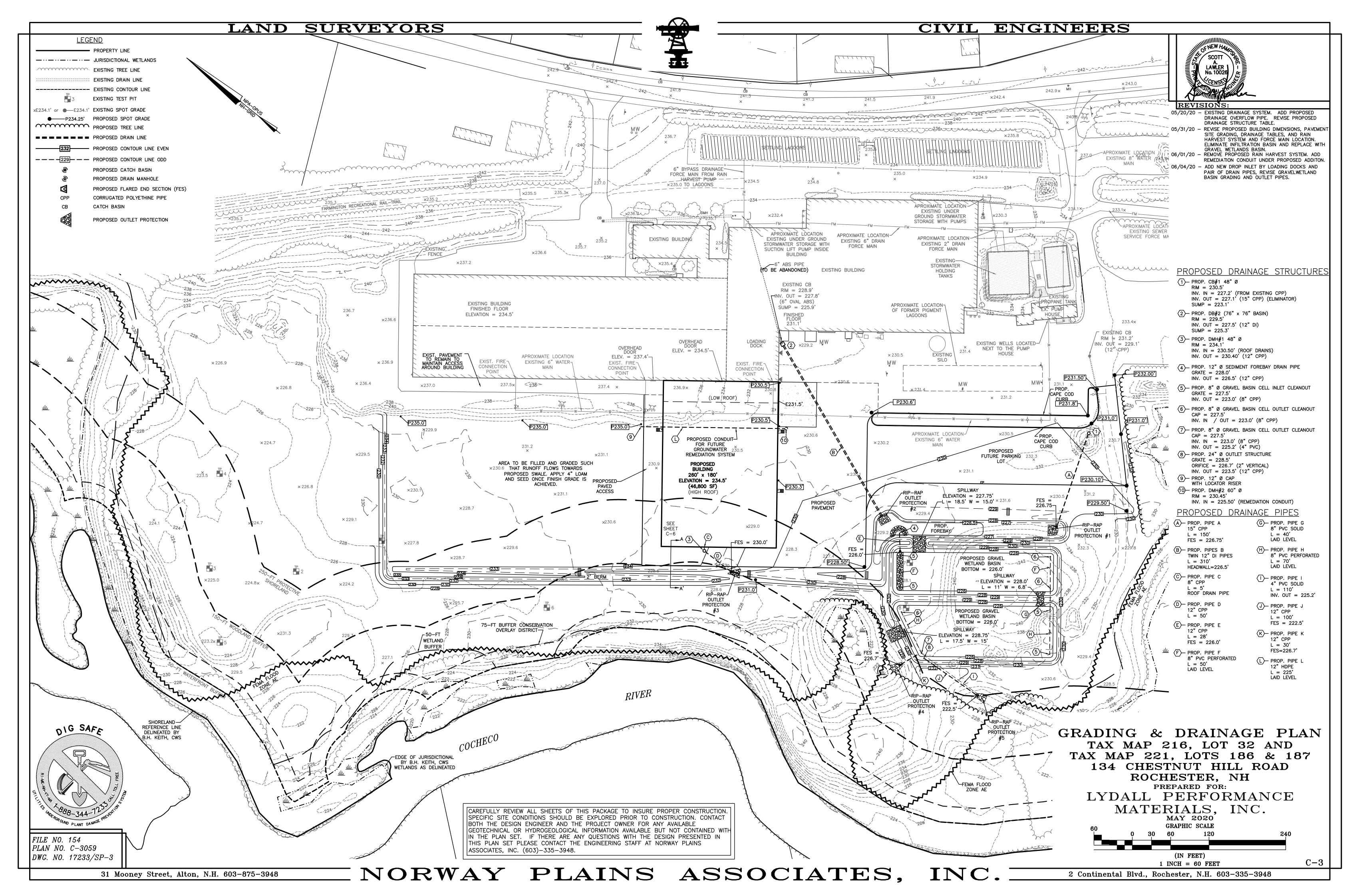
|                         |                   | SHEET INDEX  |                                  |
|-------------------------|-------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| SHEET<br>SHEET          | E-1<br>C-1        | COVER EXISTING FEATURES OVERALL SITE PLAN  | 1" = 60'<br>1" = 100'            |
| SHEET<br>SHEET<br>SHEET | C-2<br>C-3<br>C-4 | SITE LAYOUT PLAN GRADING AND DRAINAGE PLAN EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL PLAN            | 1" = 60'<br>1" = 60'<br>1" = 60' |
| SHEET<br>SHEET          | C-5<br>C-6        | UTILITY PLAN CONSTRUCTION DETAILS  | 1" = 60'<br>AS SHOWN             |
| SHEET<br>SHEET<br>SHEET | C-7<br>C-8<br>C-9 | DRAINAGE DETAILS GRAVEL WETLANDS BASIN CROSS SECTIONS GRAVEL WETLANDS BASIN PLAN AND DETAILS | AS SHOWN<br>AS SHOWN<br>AS SHOWN |
| SHEET                   | C-10              | TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL DETAILS  | AS SHOWN                         |
| SHEET                   | C-11              | PERMANENT EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL DETAILS  | AS SHOWN                         |
| SHEET                   | L-1               | LIGHTING PLAN AND DETAILS  | 1" = 40'                         |

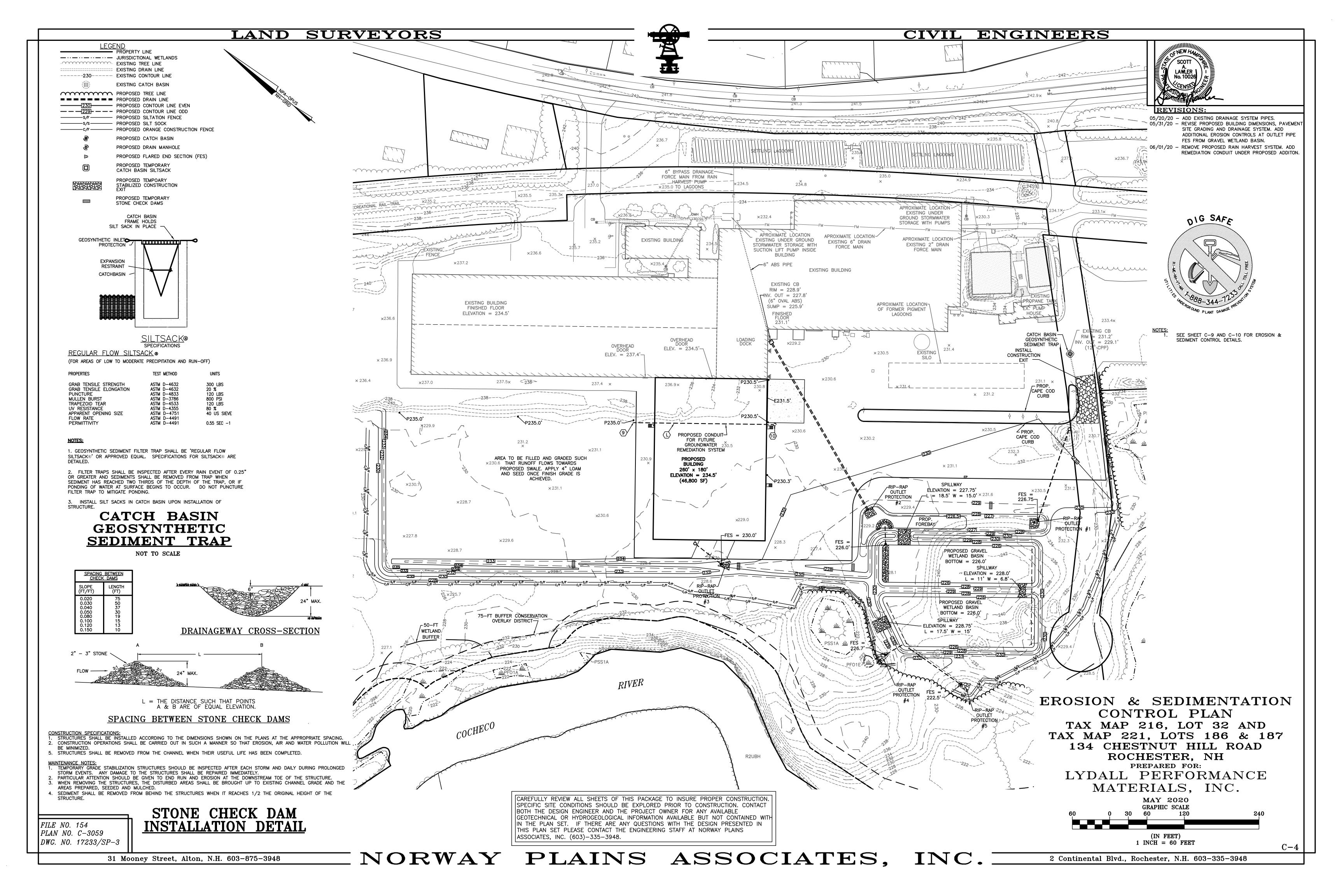
CERTIFIED BY: \_\_\_\_\_ DATE: \_\_\_\_

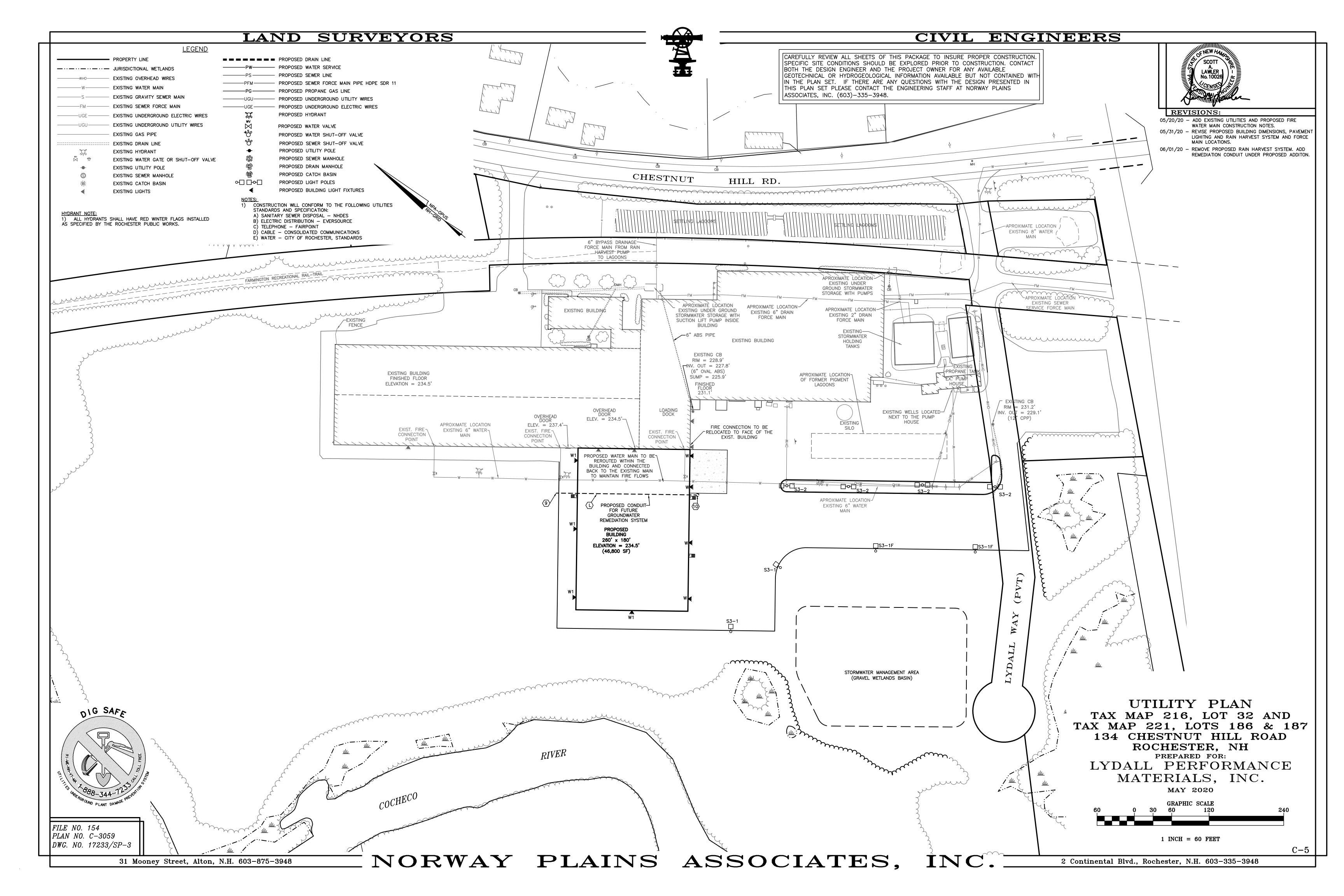


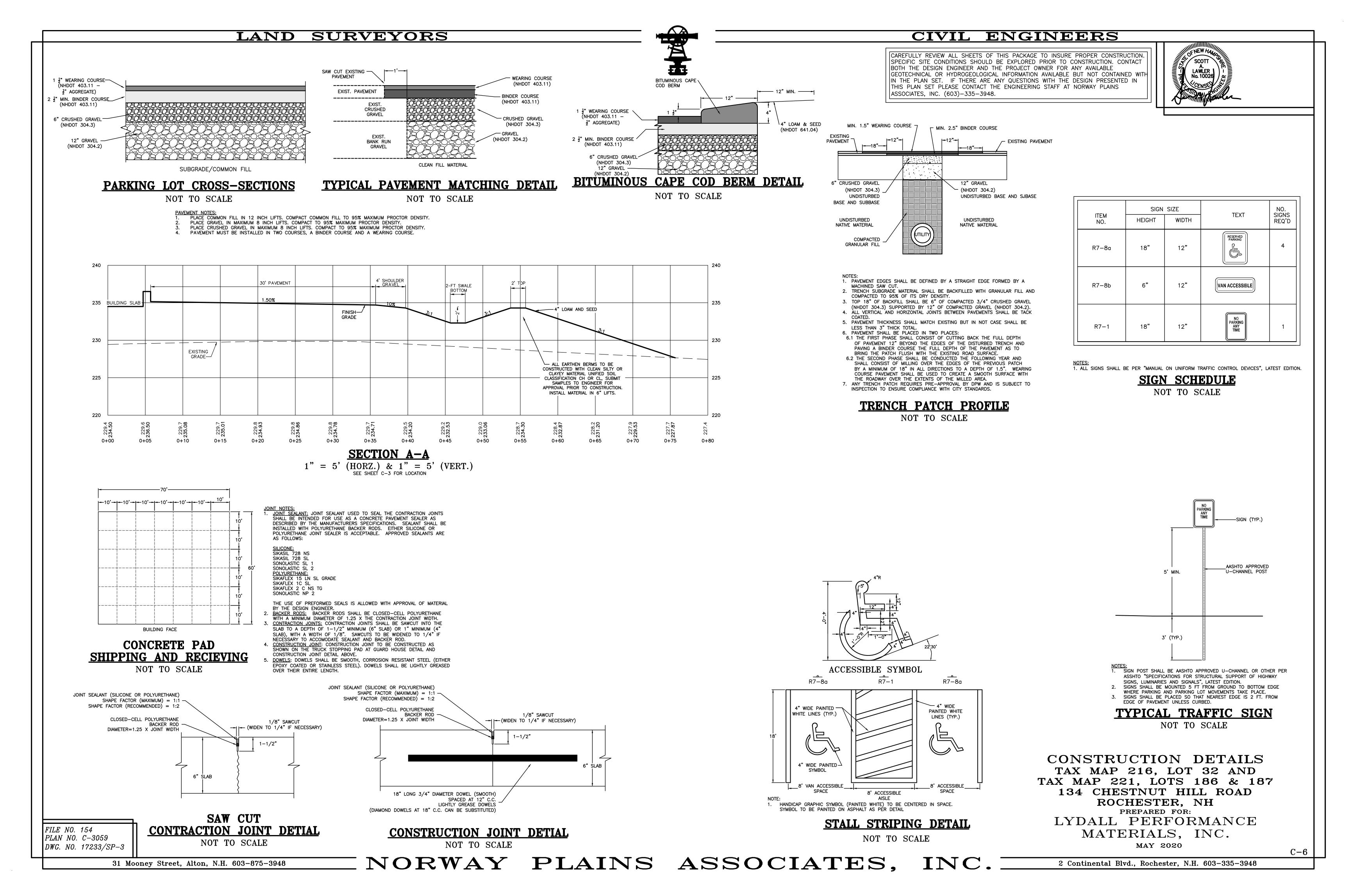












## LAND SURVEYORS

**ECCENTRIC** CONE 2'-2"-4'-0"

CAREFULLY REVIEW ALL SHEETS OF THIS PACKAGE TO INSURE PROPER CONSTRUCTION. SPECIFIC SITE CONDITIONS SHOULD BE EXPLORED PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. CONTACT BOTH THE DESIGN ENGINEER AND THE PROJECT OWNER FOR ANY AVAILABLE GEOTECHNICAL OR HYDROGEOLOGICAL INFORMATION AVAILABLE BUT NOT CONTAINED WITH IN THE PLAN SET. IF THERE ARE ANY QUESTIONS WITH THE DESIGN PRESENTED IN THIS PLAN SET PLEASE CONTACT THE ENGINEERING STAFF AT NORWAY PLAINS ASSOCIATES, INC. (603)-335-3948.

GRADE W/BRICKS

ELIMINATOR ·

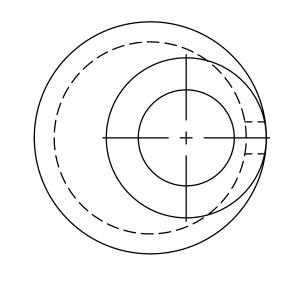
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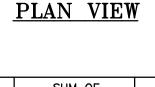
SECTION VIEW

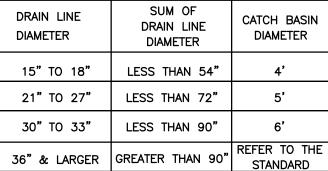
3' SUMP

(4' WITH OIL &

DEBRIS TRAP)







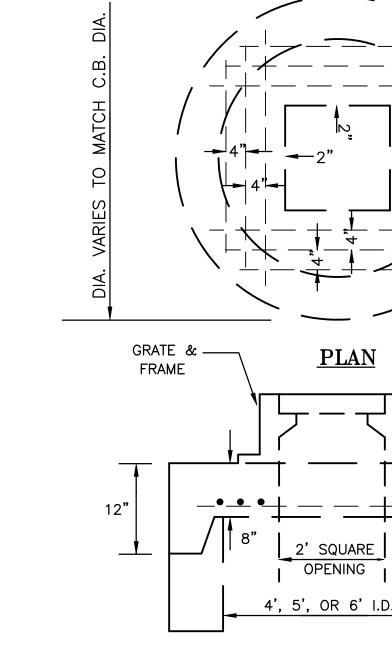
- NOTES:
  1. CONCRETE: 4,000 PSI AFTER 28 DAYS.
- 2. REINFORCING: SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR H-20 3. SHIPLAP JOINTS SEALED WITH 1 STRIP OF BUTYL
- RUBBER SEALANT. 4. PIPE OPENINGS CAST IN AS REQUIRED.
- 5. RISER HEIGHT VARIES 1', 2', 3' OR 4' TO REACH DESIRED DEPTH.
- 6. PIPE CONNECTIONS SHALL BE MORTARED. 7. PRECAST SECTIONS SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM
- 8. SEE SLAB TOP DETAIL FOR STRUCTURES REQUIRING SLAB TOPS, I.E. DOUBLE GRATE AND FRAME STRUCTURES.

3' MIN.

UNDISTURBED /

CUT SLOPE

SEE NOTE #1



#### **ELEVATION**

STEEL REINF.

NOTE: "THIS SIDE UP" SHALL BE INDENTED ON TOP SIDE OF

BARREL

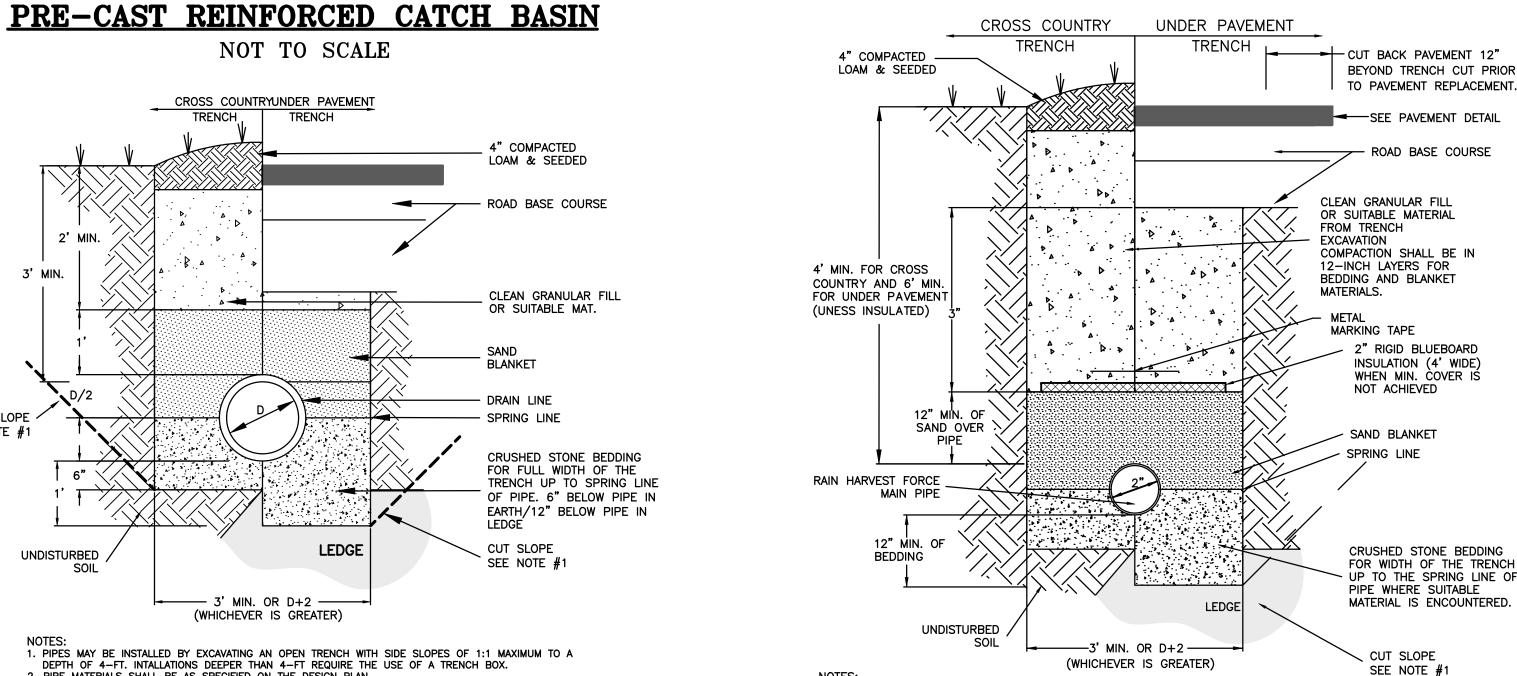
SECTION

PRECAST SLAB.

- SLAB TO BE PLACED IN LIEU OF TAPERED SECTION WHERE PIPE WOULD OTHERWISE ENTER INTO TAPERED SECTION OF THE STRUCTURE AND WHERE
- SLAB TOP MAY BE CASTED WITH MINIMUM OR NO INTERLOCKING CHANNEL. HOWEVER, THE CONTRACTOR MUST ENSURE THE SLAB TOP IS FIRMLY

## REINFORCED CONCRETE SLAB COVER

NOT TO SCALE



1. PIPES MAY BE INSTALLED BY EXCAVATING AN OPEN TRENCH WITH SIDE SLOPES OF 1:1 MAXIMUM TO A DEPTH OF 4-FT. INTALLATIONS DEEPER THAN 4-FT REQUIRE THE USE OF A TRENCH BOX.

2. PIPE MATERIALS SHALL BE AS SPECIFIED ON THE DESIGN PLAN. . SAND BLANKET MAY BE OMITTED FOR REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE.

## DRAINAGE PIPE TRENCH INSTALLATION DETAIL

NOT TO SCALE

#### 100 PERCENT PASSES A 1/2-INCH SIEVE AND A MAXIMUM OF 15 PERCENT PASSES A #200 SIEVE. FORCE MAIN RAIN HARVEST PIPE TRENCH INSTALLATION DETAIL NOT TO SCALE

1. PIPES MAY BE INSTALLED BY EXCAVATING AN OPEN TRENCH WITH SIDE SLOPES OF 1:1 MAXIMUM TO A DEPTH OF

3. HDPE PRESSURE MAIN PIPE SECTIONS SHALL BE JOINED BY THERMAL HEAT FUSION. CONNECTIONS OR TRANSITIONS

5. THE PIPE SAND BLANKET MATERIAL SHALL BE GRADED SAND FREE FROM ORGANIC MATERIALS, GRADED SUCH THAT

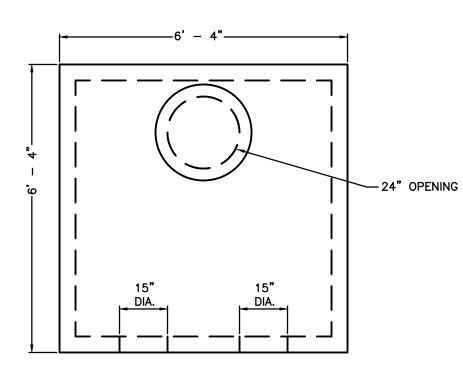
TO NON-HDPE COMPONENTS SHALL BE MADE WITH FITTINGS APPROVED FOR HDPE CONNECTIONS. THE WELDING TECHNICIAN SHALL BE EXPERIENCED IN HDPE HEAT FUSION WELDING WITH MINIMUM OF 500 HOURS OF WELDING

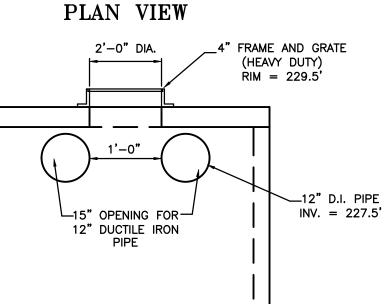
4-FT. INTALLATIONS DEEPER THAN 4-FT REQUIRE THE USE OF A TRENCH BOX.

2. PIPE MATERIALS SHALL BE AS SPECIFIED ON THE DESIGN PLAN.

4. SAND BLANKET MAY BE OMITTED FOR REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE.

FILE NO. 154 PLAN NO. C-3059 |DWG. NO. 17233/SP-3 CIVIL ENGINEERS





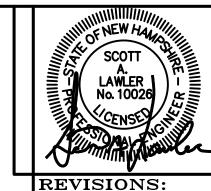
#### **ELEVATION VIEW**

CONCRETE: 5,000 PSI MIN AFTER 28 DAYS. TYPE III CEMENT JOINT SEALED WITH BUTYLE RESIN. END BOOTS SHALL BE USED AT THE PIPE CONNECTIONS

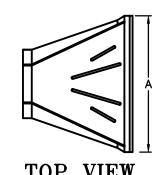
800 GALLON PUMP BOX, H-20 LOADING, BY A.J. FOSS CO. OR APPROVED

## DROP INLET BASIN DETAIL

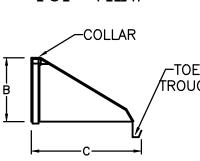
NOT TO SCALE

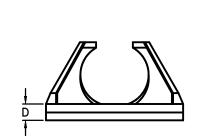


05/20/20 - REVISE DMH DETAILS, ADD RAIN HARVEST DETAILS 05/31/20 - REMOVE 30"ø DIAMETER MANHOLE DETAIL 06/05/20 - ADD DROP INLET BASIN DETAIL



| DIMENSIONS (INCHES)           |      |      |      |   |  |  |
|-------------------------------|------|------|------|---|--|--|
| DIDE DULLETEDOL 4 1 D 1 O 1 D |      |      |      |   |  |  |
|                               | A    | ь    | С    | D |  |  |
| 10" / 12"                     | 42   | 14.5 | 33   | 6 |  |  |
| 15"                           | 41   | 19   | 34   | 6 |  |  |
| 18"                           | 49   | 22   | 43   | 6 |  |  |
| 24"                           | 59.5 | 28   | 48   | 6 |  |  |
| 30"                           | 88   | 36   | 63.5 | 6 |  |  |
| 36"                           | 88   | 43   | 66.5 | 6 |  |  |



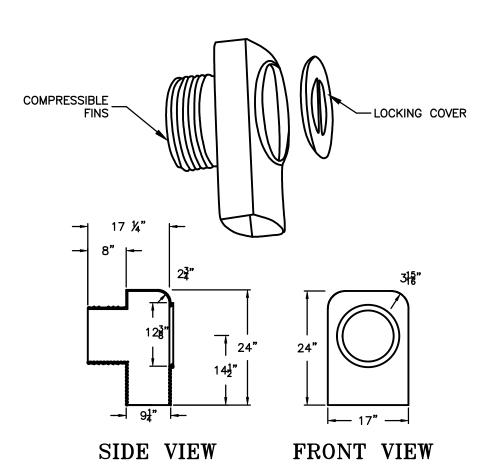


FRONT VIEW

SIDE VIEW

## FLAIRED END SECTION DETAIL

NOT TO SCALE



## **ELIMINATOR CATCH BASIN** OIL AND DEBRIS TRAP DETAIL

NOT TO SCALE

1. HOOD SHALL BE "THE ELIMINATOR" OIL & FLOATING DEBRIS TRAP AS MANUFACTURED BY GROUND WATER RESCUE, INC., QUINCY, MA., TEL. 617-773-1128 ON THE WEB @ WWW.KLEANSTREAM.COM

2. THE DIMENSIONS ARE FOR A 12" SYSTEM, BUT ALSO AVAILABLE IN 8", 10", 15" AND 18" DIAMETERS.

DRAINAGE DETAILS TAX MAP 216, LOT 32 AND TAX MAP 221, LOTS 186 & 187 134 CHESTNUT HILL ROAD ROCHESTER, NH PREPARED FOR: LYDALL PERFORMANCE MATERIALS, INC.

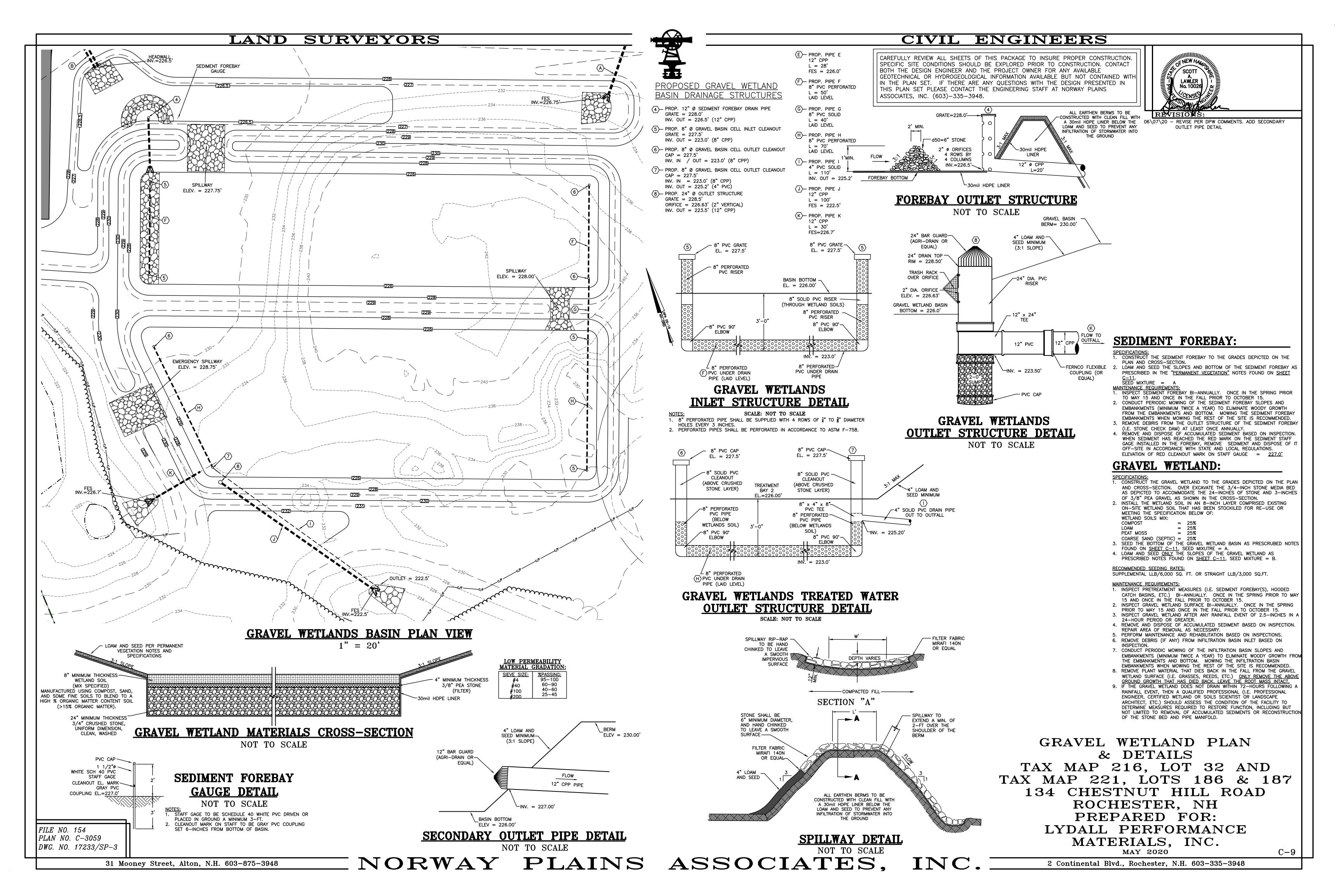
MAY 2020

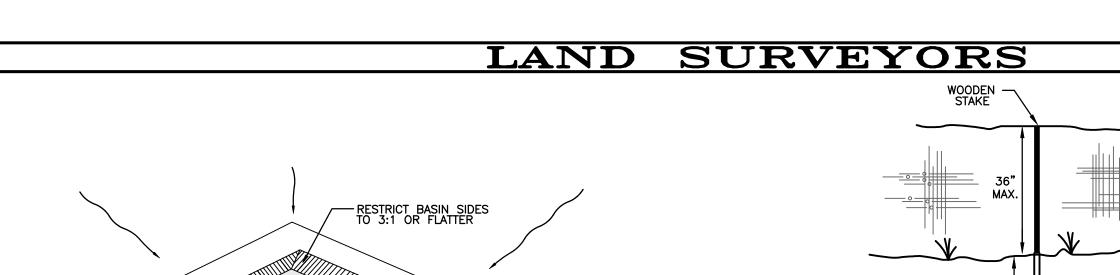
LAND SURVEYORS CIVIL ENGINEERS CAREFULLY REVIEW ALL SHEETS OF THIS PACKAGE TO INSURE PROPER CONSTRUCTION. SPECIFIC SITE CONDITIONS SHOULD BE EXPLORED PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. CONTACT CAREFULLY REVIEW ALL SHEETS OF THIS PACKAGE TO INSURE PROPER CONSTRUCTION. BOTH THE DESIGN ENGINEER AND THE PROJECT OWNER FOR ANY AVAILABLE SPECIFIC SITE CONDITIONS SHOULD BE EXPLORED PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. CONTACT GEOTECHNICAL OR HYDROGEOLOGICAL INFORMATION AVAILABLE BUT NOT CONTAINED WITH BOTH THE DESIGN ENGINEER AND THE PROJECT OWNER FOR ANY AVAILABLE IN THE PLAN SET. IF THERE ARE ANY QUESTIONS WITH THE DESIGN PRESENTED IN GEOTECHNICAL OR HYDROGEOLOGICAL INFORMATION AVAILABLE BUT NOT CONTAINED WITH THIS PLAN SET PLEASE CONTACT THE ENGINEERING STAFF AT NORWAY PLAINS IN THE PLAN SET. IF THERE ARE ANY QUESTIONS WITH THE DESIGN PRESENTED IN ASSOCIATES, INC. (603)-335-3948. THIS PLAN SET PLEASE CONTACT THE ENGINEERING STAFF AT NORWAY PLAINS ASSOCIATES, INC. (603)-335-3948. REVISIONS: 09/07/20 -ADD CROSS SECTION E-E 234 232 232 232 232 4" LOAM AND OF BERM SEED ON ALL SIDE SLOPES EL.=230.0 -EXISTING 230 230 CLEAN OUT MERGENCY -EXISTING CAP EL. = 227.5'8" SOILD PVC ELEV. = 228.75' CLEAN OUT CLEAN OUT EL. 226.0' TO EL. 227.5'— ~30mil HDPE GRATE EL. = 227.5' CAP EL. = 227.5'GRATE EL. = 227.58" PERF. PVC 8" PERF. PVC GRADE 8" SOILD ₽VC 8" PERF. PVC EL. 223.0' TO EL. 225.0' 228 228 ,— EL.=223.0' TO EL. 227. 226.0' TO EL. 227.5' 8" PERF. PVC 228 228 L.<del>=223.0' TO EL. |227.5'</del> L. 223.0' TO EL. 225.0' 30mil HDPE —SINGLE LAYER OF 30mil HDPE -LINER WOVEN GEOTEXTILE REATMENT BAY 1 BOTTOM TREATMENT BAY 2 BOTTOM PEASTONE ONLY EL. = 226.0'226 226 226 226 WETLANDS SOIL 4" MINIMUM PEA GRAVEL

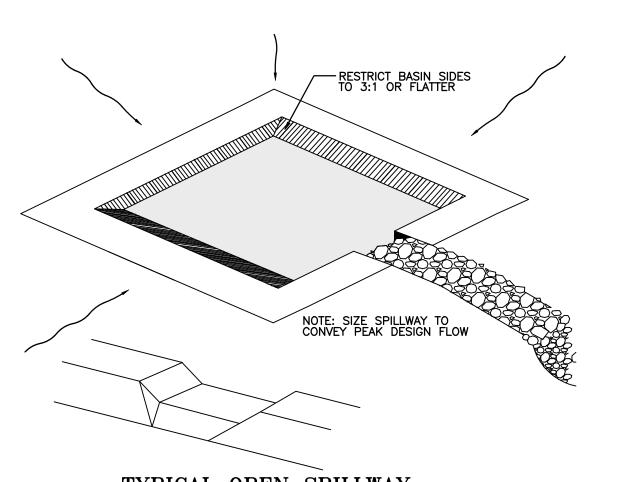
24" MINIMUM

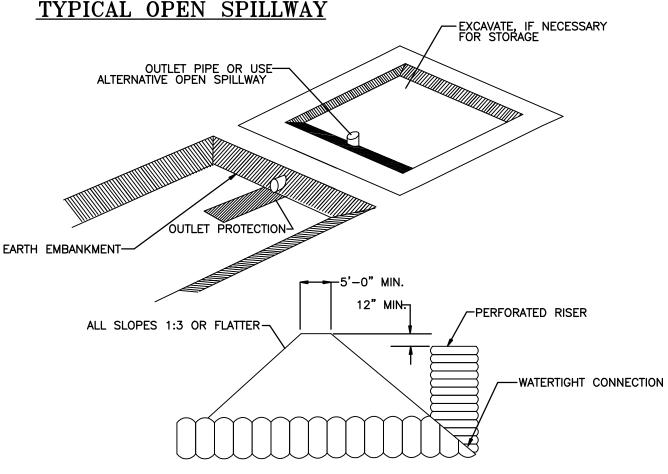
3/4" CRUSHED

STONE 224 224 224 224 30mil HDPE -UNDERDRAIN 222 222 8" PERF. PVC 222 222 └ 8" PERF. ÞVC INV. = 223.0'UNDERDRAIN UNDERDRAIN (LAID LEVEL) INV. = 223.0'INV. = 223.0'(LAID LEVEL) (LAID LEVEL) 220 220 220 220 218 218 218 GRAVEL WETLANDS BASIN TREATMENT BAY 1 CROSS SECTION B - B GRAVEL WETLANDS BASIN TREATMENT BAY 2 CROSS SECTION C - C 1" = 20' (HORZ.) & 1" = 2' (VERT.)1" = 20' (HORZ.) & 1" = 2' (VERT.) GRADE 232 SEED ON ALL SIDE SLOPES CAP EL. = 227.5'8" SOILD PVC EL. 226.0' TO EL. 227.5' 228 EL. 223.0' TO EL. 225.0' TREATMENT BAY 2 BOTTOM /--FES = 226.7SEDIMENT FOREBAY EL. = 226.5' BASIN BOTTOM -= 226.00' 30mil HDPE 222 NV. = 223.0'(LAID LEVEL) FES = 222.5'— GRAVEL WETLANDS BASIN CROSS SECTION PLAN GRAVEL WETLAND CROSS SECTIONS TAX MAP 216, LOT 32 AND TAX MAP 221, LOTS 186 & 187 134 CHESTNUT HILL ROAD ROCHESTER, NH PREPARED FOR: GRAVEL WETLANDS BASIN LYDALL PERFORMANCE GRAVEL WETLANDS BASIN TREATMENT CROSS SECTION D - D FILE NO. 154 SECENDARY OUTLET SECTION E - E PLAN NO. C-3059 MATERIALS, INC. 1" = 20' (HORZ.) & 1" = 2' (VERT.)1" = 20' (HORZ.) & 1" = 2' (VERT.)DWG. NO. 17233/SP-3 NORWAY PLAINS ASSOCIATES, INC. \_ 31 Mooney Street, Alton, N.H. 603-875-3948 2 Continental Blvd., Rochester, N.H. 603-335-3948

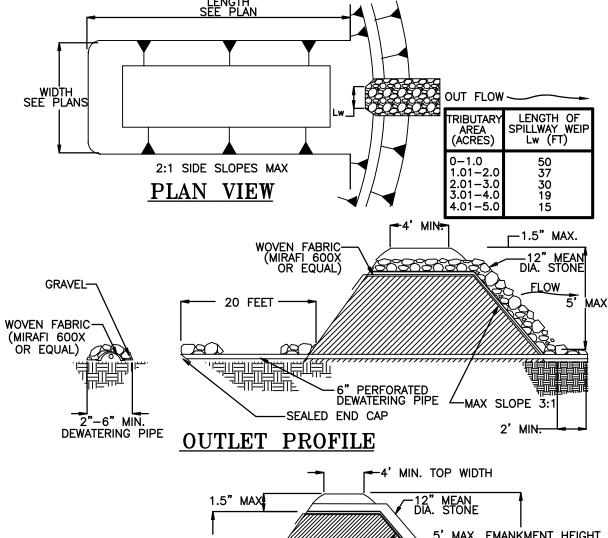


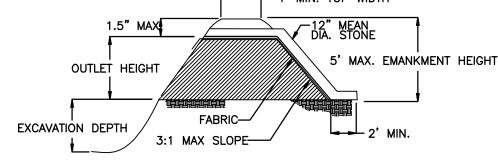






#### EMBANKMENT SECTION THRU RISER



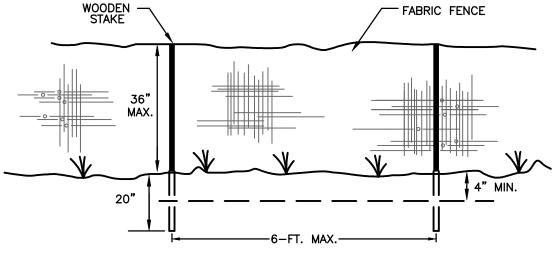


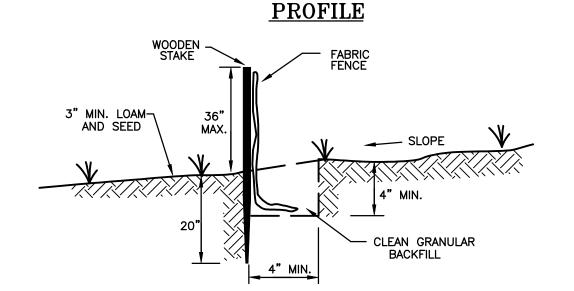
ALTERNATE OUTLET PROFILE

## SEDIMENT TRAP

31 Mooney Street, Alton, N.H. 603-875-3948

FILE NO. 154 PLAN NO. C-3059 DWG. NO. 17233/SP-3 FABRIC FENCE





#### **CROSS-SECTION**

### FENCES SHALL BE INSPECTED AND MAINTAINED IMMEDIATELY AFTER EACH RAINFALL AND AT LEAST DAILY DURING PROLONGED

- 2. SEDIMENT DEPOSITION SHALL BE REMOVED, AT A MINIMUM, WHEN DEPOSITION ACCUMULATES TO ONE-HALF THE HEIGHT OF THE FENCE, AND MOVED TO AN APPROPRIATE LOCATION SO THE SEDIMENT IS NOT READILY TRANSPORTED BACK TOWARD THE SILT FENCE. 3. SILT FENCES SHALL BE REPAIRED IMMEDIATELY IF THERE ARE ANY SIGNS OF EROSION OR SEDIMENTATION BELOW THEM. IF THERE
- ARE SIGNS OF UNDERCUTTING AT THE CENTER OR THE EDGES OF THE BARRIER, OR IMPOUNDING OF LARGE VOLUMES OF WATER BEHIND THEM, SEDIMENT BARRIERS SHALL BE REPLACED WITH A TEMPORARY CHECK DAM.

  SHALL THE FABRIC ON A SILT FENCE DECOMPOSE OR BECOME INEFFECTIVE PRIOR TO THE END OF THE EXPECTED USABLE LIFE AND THE BARRIER STILL IS NECESSARY; THE FABRIC SHALL BE REPLACED PROMPTLY. 5. ANY SEDIMENT DEPOSITS REMAINING IN PLACE AFTER THE SILT FENCE IS NO LONGER REQUIRED SHALL BE DRESSED TO CONFORM TO THE EXISTING GRADE PREPARED AND SEEDED.
- 6. IF THERE IS EVIDENCE OF END FLOW ON PROPERLY INSTALLED BARRIERS, EXTEND BARRIERS UPHILL OR CONSIDER REPLACING THEM WITH OTHER MEASURES, SUCH AS TEMPORARY DIVERSIONS AND SEDIMENT TRAPS. 7. SILT FENCES HAVE A USEFUL LIFE OF ONE SEASON. ON LONGER CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS, SILT FENCE SHALL BE REPAIRED PERIODICALLY AS REQUIRED TO MAINTAIN EFFECTIVENESS.

- CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS:

  1. FENCES SHALL BE USED IN AREAS WHERE EROSION WILL OCCUR ONLY IN THE FORM OF SHEET EROSION AND THERE IS NO CONCENTRATION OF WATER IN A CHANNEL OR DRAINAGE WAY ABOVE THE FENCE. SEDIMENT BARRIERS SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO ANY SOIL DISTURBANCE OF THE CONTRIBUTING DRAINAGE AREA ABOVE THEM. THE MAXIMUM CONTRIBUTING DRAINAGE AREA ABOVE THE FENCE SHALL BE LESS THAN 1 ACRE PER 100 LINEAR FEET OF FENCE; THE MAXIMUM LENGTH OF SLOPE ABOVE THE FENCE SHALL BE 100 FEET;
- THE MAXIMUM SLOPE ABOVE THE FENCE SHALL BE 2:1;
  FENCES SHALL BE INSTALLED FOLLOWING THE CONTOUR OF THE LAND AS CLOSELY AS POSSIBLE, AND THE ENDS OF THE FENCE SHALL BE FLARED UPSLOPE;
- THE FABRIC SHALL BE EMBEDDED A MINIMUM OF 4 INCHES IN DEPTH AND INCHES IN WIDTH IN A TRENCH EXCAVATED INTO THE GROUND, OR IF SITE CONDITIONS INCLUDE FROZEN GROUND, LEDGE, OR THE PRESENCE OF HEAVY ROOTS, THE BASE OF THE
- FABRIC SHALL BE EMBEDDED WITH A MINIMUM THICKNESS OF 8 INCHES OF 3/4-INCH STONE; THE SOIL SHALL BE COMPACTED OVER THE EMBEDDED FABRIC:
- D. SUPPORT POSTS SHALL BE SIZED AND ANCHORED ACCORDING TO THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS WITH MAXIMUM POST
- ADJOINING SECTIONS OF THE FENCE SHALL BE OVERLAPPED BY A MINIMUM OF 6 INCHES (24 INCHES IS PREFERRED), FOLDED AND STAPLED TO A SUPPORT POST. IF METAL POSTS ARE USED, FABRIC SHALL BE WIRE—TIED DIRECTLY TO THE POSTS WITH
- SILT FENCING SHALL NOT BE STAPLED OR NAILED TO TREES. THE FILTER FABRIC SHALL BE A PERVIOUS SHEET OF PROPYLENE, NYLON, POLYESTER OR ETHYLENE YARN AND SHALL BE CERTIFIED
- THE FILTER FABRIC SHALL CONTAIN ULTRAVIOLET RAY INHIBITORS AND STABILIZERS TO PROVIDE A MINIMUM OF 6 MONTHS OF
- EXPECTED USABLE CONSTRUCTION LIFE AT A TEMPERATURE RANGE OF 0 DEGREES FAHRENHEIT TO 120 DEGREES FAHRENHEIT.

  POSTS FOR SILT FENCES SHALL BE EITHER 4-INCH DIAMETER WOOD OR 1.33 POUNDS PER LINEAR FOOT STEEL WITH A MINIMUM ENGTH OF 5 FEET. STEEL POSTS SHALL HAVE, PROJECTIONS FOR FASTENING WIRE TO THEM. POSTS SHALL BE PLACED ON THE
- DOWN SLOPE SIDE OF THE FABRIC. 10. THE HEIGHT OF A SILT FENCE SHALL NOT EXCEED 36 INCHES AS HIGHER FENCES MAY IMPOUND VOLUMES OF WATER SUFFICIENT TO CAUSE FAILURE OF THE STRUCTURE.
- 11. THE FILTER FABRIC SHALL BE PURCHASED IN A CONTINUOUS ROLL CUT TO THE LENGTH OF THE BARRIER TO AVOID THE USE OF JOINTS. WHEN JOINTS ARE NECESSARY; FILTER CLOTH SHALL BE SPLICED TOGETHER ONLY AT SUPPORT POST, WITH A MINIMUM 6-INCH OVERLAP, AND SECURELY SEALED.
- 12. A MANUFACTURED SILT FENCE SYSTEM WITH INTEGRAL POSTS MAY BE USED. 13. POST SPACING SHALL NOT EXCEED 6 FEET.
- 14. A TRENCH SHALL BE EXCAVATED APPROXIMATELY 4 INCHES WIDE AND 4 INCHES DEEP ALONG THE LINE OF POSTS AND UP GRADIENT
- EXTENDED INTO THE TRENCH. THE FABRIC SHALL NOT EXTEND MORE THAN 36 INCHES ABOVE THE ORIGINAL GROUND SURFACE. 16. THE TRENCH SHALL BE BACKFILLED AND THE SOIL COMPACTED OVER THE FILTER FABRIC. 17. SILT FENCE MAY BE INSTALLED BY "SLICING" USING MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT SPECIFICALLY DESIGNED FOR THIS PROCEDURE. THE SLICING METHOD USES AN IMPLEMENT TOWED BEHIND A TRACTOR TO "PLOW" OR SLICE THE SILT FENCE MATERIAL INTO THE SOIL. THE SLICING METHOD MINIMALLY DISRUPTS THE SOIL UPWARD AND SLIGHTLY DISPLACES THE SOIL. MAINTAINING THE SOIL'S PROFILE
- AND CREATING AN OPTIMAL CONDITION FOR SUBSEQUENT MECHANICAL COMPACTION. 18. SILT FENCES SHALL BE INSTALLED WITH "SMILES" OR "J-HOOKS" TO REDUCE THE DRAINAGE AREA THAT ANY SEGMENT WILL IMPOUND. 19. THE ENDS OF THE FENCE SHALL BE TURNED UPHILL.
- 20. SILT FENCES PLACED AT THE TOE OF A SLOPE SHALL BE SET AT LEAST 6 FEET FROM THE TOE M ALLOW SPACE FOR SHALLOW PONDING AND TO ALLOW FOR MAINTENANCE ACCESS WITHOUT DISTURBING THE SLOPE.
- 21. SILT FENCES SHALL BE REMOVED WHEN THEY HAVE SERVED THEIR USEFUL PURPOSE, BUT NOT BEFORE THE UPSLOPE AREAS HAVE

# SILTATION CONTROL FENCE DETAIL

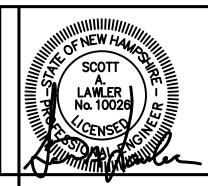
NOT TO SCALE

## **TEMPORARY VEGETATION** SEEDING RECOMMENDATIONS

| SPECIES   | PER ACRE<br>BUSHELS (BU)<br>OR<br>POUNDS (LBS.) | PER<br>1,000-SF | REMARKS  |  |
|---|---|-----------------|--|--|
| WINTER<br>RYE   | 2.5 BU<br>OR<br>112 LBS.                        | 2.5 LBS.        | BEST FOR FALL SEEDING. SEED FROM AUGUST 15 TO SEPTEMBER 15 FOR BEST COVER. SEED TO A DEPTH OF 1 INCH.  |  |
| OATS  | 2.5 BU<br>OR<br>80 LBS.                         | 2.0 LBS.        | BEST FOR SPRING SEEDING. SEED NO LATER THAN MAY 15 FOR SUMMER PROTECTION. SEED TO A DEPTH OF 1 INCH.   |  |
| ANNUAL<br>RYE GRASS   | 40 LBS.   | 1.0 LB.         | GROWS QUICKLY, BUT IS OF SHORT DURATION. USE WHERE APPEARANCES ARE IMPORTANT. SEED EARLY SPRING AND/OR BETWEEN AUGUST 15 AND SEPTEMBER 15. COVER THE SEED WITH NO MORE THAN 0.25 INCH OF SOIL. |  |
| PERENNIAL<br>RYE GRASS  | 30 LBS.   | 0.7 LBS.        | BEST FOR FALL SEEDING. SEED FROM AUGUST 15 TO SEPTEMBER 15 FOR BEST COVER. SEED TO A DEPTH OF 1 INCH.  |  |
| SOURCES:  1. NEW HAMPSHIRE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT MANUAL, VOLUME 3, TABLE 4-1  2. MINNICK, E.L. AND H.T. MARSHALL, (AUGUST 1992) |   |                 |  |  |

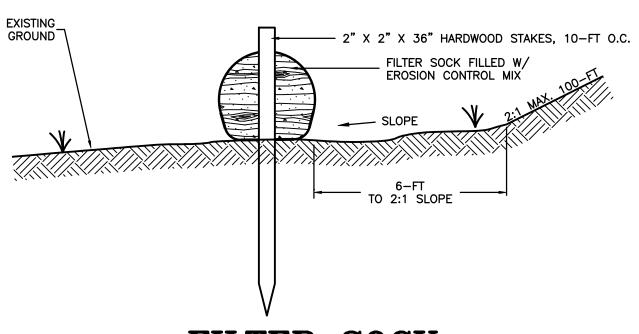
## CIVIL ENGINEERS

CAREFULLY REVIEW ALL SHEETS OF THIS PACKAGE TO INSURE PROPER CONSTRUCTION. SPECIFIC SITE CONDITIONS SHOULD BE EXPLORED PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. CONTACT BOTH THE DESIGN ENGINEER AND THE PROJECT OWNER FOR ANY AVAILABLE GEOTECHNICAL OR HYDROGEOLOGICAL INFORMATION AVAILABLE BUT NOT CONTAINED WITH IN THE PLAN SET. IF THERE ARE ANY QUESTIONS WITH THE DESIGN PRESENTED IN THIS PLAN SET PLEASE CONTACT THE ENGINEERING STAFF AT NORWAY PLAINS ASSOCIATES, INC. (603)-335-3948.

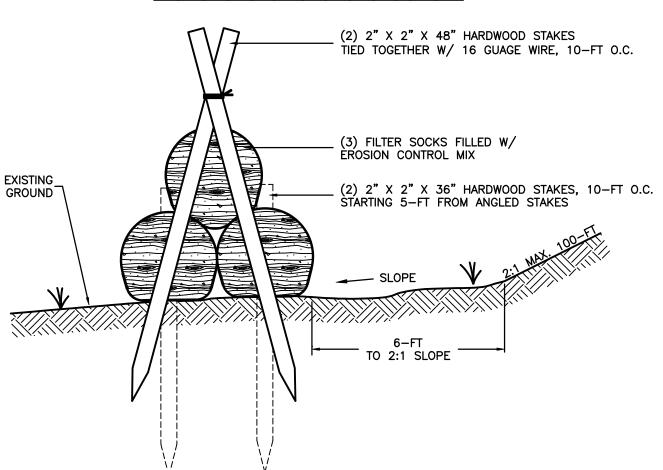


# 18-INCH MIN.

# FILTER SOCK CONNECTION PLAN VIEW



# FILTER SOCK



# HEAVY DUTY PYRAMID FILTER SOCK CROSS-SECTION

#### CONTINUOUS CONTAINED BERM (FILTER SOCK ALTERNATIVE): AN ALTERNATIVE PRODUCT, THE CONTINUOUS CONTAINED BERM (OR "FILTER SOCK") CAN BE AN EFFECTIVE

- SEDIMENT BARRIER AS IT ADDS CONTAINMENT AND STABILITY TO A BERM OF EROSION CONTROL MIX. 2. IN THE EVENT THAT USE OF CONTINUOUS CONTAINED BERM IS DESIRED, THE PRODUCT SELECTED SHOULD BE REVIEWED AND APPROVED BY THE DESIGN ENGINEER.
- 3. INSTALLATION OF CONTINUOUS CONTAINED BERMS SHALL BE PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE SPECIFICATIONS OF THE MANUFACTURER.

1. FILTER SOCK MAINTENANCE SHALL FOLLOW THE SAME SCHEDULE AS EROSION CONTROL MIX BERMS.

CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS:

1. COMPOSITION OF THE EROSION CONTROL MIX SHALL EITHER BE THE SAME AS EROSION CONTROL MIX BERM MATERIAL OR AS SPECIFIED BY THE FILTER SOCK MANUFACTURER.

THE BARRIER MUST BE PLACED ALONG A RELATIVELY LEVEL CONTOUR. IT MAY BE NECESSARY TO CUT TALL GRASSES AND WOODY VEGETATION TO AVOID CREATING VOIDS AND BRIDGES IN THE BARRIER THAT WOULD ENABLE FINES TO WASH UNDER THE BARRIER THROUGH THE GRASS BLADES OR PLANT STEMS.

4. FILTER SOCK DIAMETER (HEIGHT) SHALL BE PER THE MANUFACTURER RECOMMENDATION FOR THE AREA OF

# CONTINUOUS CONTAINED BERM "FILTER SOCK" DETAIL

NOT TO SCALE

## **TEMPORARY VEGETATION:**

- INSTALL NEEDED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES SUCH AS SILTATION BARRIERS, DIVERSIONS, AND
- 2. GRADE AS NEEDED FOR THE ACCESS OF EQUIPMENT FOR SEEDBED PREPARATION, SEEDING, MULCH
- APPLICATION, AND MULCH ANCHORING. RUNOFF SHALL BE DIVERTED FROM THE SEEDBED AREA.
- 4. ON SLOPES 4:1 OR STEEPER, THE FINAL PREPARATION SHALL INCLUDE CREATING HORIZONTAL GROOVES PERPENDICULAR O THE DIRECTION OF THE SLOPE TO CATCH SEED AND REDUCE RUNOFF.
- <u>SEEDBED PREPARATION:</u>
  1. STONES AND TRASH SHALL BE REMOVED SO AS NOT TO INTERFERE WITH THE SEEDING AREA.
- . WHERE THE SOIL HAS BEEN COMPACTED BY CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS, LOOSEN SOIL TO A DEPTH OF 2 INCHES BEFORE APPLYING FERTILIZER, LIME AND SEED. 3. IF APPLICABLE, FERTILIZER AND ORGANIC SOIL AMENDMENTS SHALL BE APPLIED DURING THE GROWING SEASON.
  4. APPLY LIMESTONE AND FERTILIZER ACCORDING TO SOIL TEST RECOMMENDATIONS. FERTILIZER SHALL BE
- RESTRICTED TO LIME, WOOD ASH OR LOW PHOSPHATE AND SLOW RELEASE NITROGEN VARIETIES, UNLESS A SOIL TEST WARRANTS OTHERWISE. IF SOIL TESTING IS NOT FEASIBLE ON SMALL OR VARIABLE SITES, OR WHERE TIMING IS CRITICAL FERTILIZER AND LIMESTONE MAY BE APPLIED AT THE FOLLOWING RATES:

LIMESTONE APPLICATION RATE = 3 TONS/ACRE (138 LB./1,000-SF)\* \*EQUIVALENT TO 50% CALCIUM PLUS MAGNESIUM OXIDE

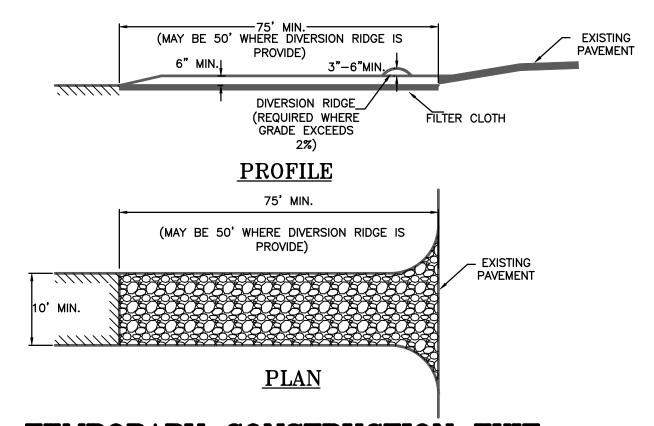
FERTILIZER APPLICATION RATE = 870 LB./ACRE (20 LB./1,000-SF)\* \*LOW PHOSPHATE FERTILIZER (6-0-4) OR EQUIVALENT

#### . APPLY SEED UNIFORMLY BY HAND, CYCLONE SEEDER, DRILL CULTIPACKER TYPE SEEDER OR HYDRO SEEDER (SLURRY INCLUDING SEED AND FERTILIZER). NORMAL SEEDING DEPTH IS FROM 1/4 TO 1/2 INCH. HYDROSEEDING THAT INCLUDES MULCH MAY BE LEFT ON SOIL SURFACE. SEEDING RATES MUST BE INCREASED

- BY 10% WHEN HYDROSEEDING. TEMPORARY SEED SHALL TYPICALLY OCCUR PRIOR TO SEPTEMBER 15.
- AREAS SEEDED BETWEEN MAY 15 AND AUGUST 15 SHALL BE COVERED WITH HAY OR STRAW MULCH, ACCORDING TO THE "TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT MULCHING" PRACTICE DESCRIBED IN THE NHSSM, VOL 3.
- 4. VEGETATED GROWTH COVERING AT LEAST 85% OF THE DISTURBED AREA SHALL BE ACHIEVED PRIOR TO OCTOBER 15. IF THIS CONDITION IS NOT ACHIEVED, IMPLEMENT OTHER TEMPORARY STABILIZATION MEASURES FOR OVER WINTER PROTECTION.

1. TEMPORARY SEEDING SHALL BE INSPECTED WEEKLY AFTER ANY RAINFALL EXCEEDING 1/2 INCH IN 24 HOURS ON ACTIVE CONSTRUCTION SITES. TEMPORARY SEEDING SHALL BE INSPECTED JUST PRIOR TO SEPTEMBER 15, TO ASCERTAIN WHETHER ADDITIONAL SEEDING IS REQUIRED TO PROVIDE STABILIZATION OVER THE WINTER

- 2. BASED ON INSPECTION, AREAS SHALL BE RESEEDED TO ACHIEVE FULL STABILIZATION OF EXPOSED SOILS. IF IT IS TOO LATE IN THE PLANTING SEASON TO APPLY ADDITIONAL SEED, THEN OTHER TEMPORARY STABILIZATION MEASURES SHALL BE IMPLEMENTED.
- . IF ANY EVIDENCE OF EROSION OR SEDIMENTATION IS APPARENT, REPAIRS SHALL BE MADE AND AREAS SHALL BE RESEEDED, WITH OTHER TEMPORARY MEASURES (I.E. MULCH, ETC.) USED TO PROVIDE EROSION PROTECTION DURING THE PERIOD OF VEGETATION ESTABLISHMENT.



## TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EXIT

NOT TO SCALE

#### MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS: 1. WHEN THE CONTROL PAD BECOMES INEFFECTIVE, THE STONE SHALL BE REMOVED ALONG WITH THE COLLECTED SOIL MATERIAL, REGRADED ON SITE, AND STABILIZED. THE ENTRANCE SHALL TEN BE

- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SWEEP THE PAVEMENT AT EXITS WHENEVER SOIL MATERIALS ARE TRACKED
- ONTO THE ADJACENT PAVEMENT OR TRAVELED WAY. WHEN WHEEL WASHING IS REQUIRED, IT SHALL BE CONDUCTED ON AN AREA STABILIZED WITH
- AGGREGATE, WHICH DRAINS INTO AN APPROVED SEDIMENT-TRAPPING DEVICE. ALL SEDIMENT SHALL BE PREVENTED FROM ENTERING STORM DRAINS, DITCHES, OR WATERWAYS.

## CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS: 1. THE MINIMUM STONE USED SHALL BE 3-INCH CRUSHED STONE.

- THE MINIMUM LENGTH OF THE PAD SHALL BE 75 FEET, EXCEPT THAT THE MINIMUM LENGTH MAY BE REDUCED TO 50 FEET IF A 3-INCH TO 6-INCH BERM IS INSTALLED AT THE ENTRANCE OF THE
- THE PAD SHALL BE THE FULL WIDTH OF CONSTRUCTION ACCESS ROAD OR 10 FEET, WHICHEVER IS
- THE PAD SHALL SLOPE AWAY FROM THE EXISTING ROADWAY. THE PAD SHALL BE AT LEAST 6 INCHES THICK.
- THE GEOTEXTILE FILTER FABRIC SHALL BE PLACED BETWEEN THE STONE PAD AND THE EARTH SURFACE THE PAD SHALL BE MAINTAINED OR REPLACED WHEN MUD AND SOIL PARTICLES CLOG THE VOIDS IN
- THE STONE SUCH THAT MUD AND SOIL PARTICLES ARE TRACKED OFF-SITE. NATURAL DRAINAGE THAT CROSSES THE LOCATION OF THE STONE PAD SHALL BE INTERCEPTED AND
- PIPED BENEATH THE PAD, AS NECESSARY, WITH SUITABLE OUTLET PROTECTION.

## TEMPORARY EROSION & SEDIMENTATION CONTROL **DETAILS**

TAX MAP 216, LOT 32 AND TAX MAP 221, LOTS 186 & 187 134 CHESTNUT HILL ROAD ROCHESTER, NH

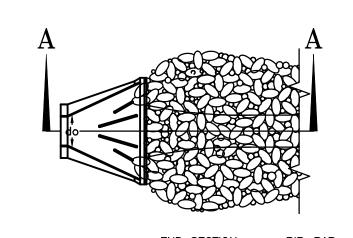
PREPARED FOR: LYDALL PERFORMANCE MATERIALS, INC.

MAY 2020

C-10

NORWAY PLAINS ASSOCIATES, INC. -

## LAND SURVEYORS



# RIP-RAP GRADATION

| d50 = 9"   |      |    |      |  |  |
|--|------|----|------|--|--|
| % OF WEIGHT SMALLER SIZE OF STONE THAN THE GIVEN SIZE (INCHES) |      |    |      |  |  |
| 100  | 13.5 | TO | 18   |  |  |
| 85   | 11.7 | TO | 16.2 |  |  |
| 50   | 9    | TO | 13.5 |  |  |
| 15   | 2.7  | TO | 4.5  |  |  |
|  |      |    |      |  |  |

| d50 = 3"   |         |    |   |  |
|--|---------|----|---|--|
| % OF WEIGHT SMALLER SIZE OF STONE THAN THE GIVEN SIZE (INCHES) |         |    |   |  |
| 100  | 5       | TO | 6 |  |
| 85   | 85 4 TO |    | 5 |  |
| 50   | 3       | TO | 5 |  |
| 15   | 1       | TO | 2 |  |

END SECTION

SECTION A-A

(PIPE OUTLET TO WELL DEFINED CHANNEL)

**EXISTING** 

SUB-GRADE

#### APRON DIMENSION TABLE OUTLET PROT. # PIPE OUTLET | Wo | W | La | T | d50

| #1 - PIPE A | 15" CPP | 3.8' | 16' | 13' | 9" | 3" |
|-------------|---------|------|-----|-----|----|----|
| #2 - PIPE B | 12" CPP | 3'   | 11' | 20' | 9" | 3" |
| #3 - PIPE D | 12" CPP | 3'   | 8'  | 13' | 9" | 3" |
| #4 - PIPE K | 12" CPP | 3'   | 12' | 9'  | 9" | 3" |
| #5 — PIPE J | 12" CPP | 3.8' | 13' | 9'  | 9" | 3" |

#### CULVERT EXISTING SUB-GRADE SECTION A-A (PIPE OUTLET TO FLAT AREA NO WELL DEFINED CHANNEL)

NOTES:

1. ALL PIPE CULVERTS SHALL HAVE END SECTIONS OR HEADWALLS. END SECTION MATERIAL AND MANUFACTURER SHALL MATCH THAT OF THE PIPE CULVERT. 2. THE LARGEST RIP-RAP SIZE DETERMINED DURING HYDROLOGIC ANALYSIS HAS BEEN USED FOR ALL OUTLETS FOR ECONOMY AND

3. APRON LENGTHS, WIDTHS AND THICKNESSES HAVE BEEN ROUNDED UP TO WHOLE NUMBERS FOR EASE OF CONSTRUCTION.

PREPARE THE SUB-GRADE FOR THE FILTER MATERIAL, GEOTEXTILE FABRIC, AND RIP-RAP TO THE GRADES SHOWN ON THE PLANS. MINIMUM 6" SAND/GRAVEL BEDDING OR GEOTEXTILE FABRIC REQUIRED UNDER ALL ROCK RIP-RAP

THE ROCK OR GRAVEL USED FOR FILTER OR RIP-RAP SHALL CONFORM TO THE SPECIFIED GRADATION GEOTEXTILE FABRICS SHALL BE PROTECTED FROM PUNCTURE OR TEARING DURING THE PLACEMENT OF ROCK RIP-RAP. DAMAGED AREAS IN THE FABRIC SHALL BE REPAIRED BY PLACING A PIECE OF FABRIC OVER THE DAMAGED AREA OR BY COMPLETE

REPLACEMENT OF THE FABRIC. ALL OVERLAPS REQUIRED FOR REPAIRS OR JOINING TWO (2) PIECES OF FABRIC SHALL BE A STONE FOR THE RIP-RAP MAY BE PLACED BY EQUIPMENT AND SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED TO THE FULL LAYER THICKNESS IN ONE OPERATION AND IN SUCH A MANNER AS TO PREVENT SEGREGATION OF THE STONE SIZES.

RIP-RAP SIZE CHOSEN FOR THE WORST CASE OF ALL OUTLETS. ALL RIP-RAP USED FOR PIPE OUTLET PROTECTION WILL HAVE THE SAME GRADATION AND THICKNESS.

OUTLETS SHALL BE INSPECTED AND CLEANED ANNUALLY AND AFTER ANY MAJOR STORM EVENT. ANY EROSION OR DAMAGE TO THE RIP-RAP SHALL BE REPAIRED IMMEDIATELY THE CHANNEL IMMEDIATELY DOWNSTREAM FROM THE OUTLET SHOULD BE CHECKED TO SEE THAT NO EROSION IS OCCURRING. THE DOWNSTREAM CHANNEL SHOULD BE KEPT CLEAR OF OBSTRUCTIONS SUCH AS FALLEN TREES, DEBRIS, AND SEDIMENT THAT

COULD CHANGE FLOW PATTERNS AND/OR TAILWATER DEPTHS ON THE PIPES. REPAIRS MUST BE CARRIED OUT IMMEDIATELY TO

# PIPE OUTLET PROTECTION DETAIL

#### **DUST CONTROL PRACTICES:**

AVOID ADDITIONAL DAMAGE TO THE OUTLET PROTECTION APRON.

- APPLY DUST CONTROL MEASURES AS NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN CONTROL OF DUST ON SITE.
- A) MOISTEN EXPOSED SOIL SURFACES PERIODICALLY WITH ADEQUATE WATER TO CONTROL DUST. B) AVOID EXCESSIVE APPLICATION OF WATER THAT WOULD RESULT IN MOBILIZING SEDIMENT AND SUBSEQUENT DEPOSITION IN NATURAL WATERBODIES.

STONE APPLICATION: A) COVER SURFACE WITH CRUSHED OR COARSE GRAVEL.

B) IN AREAS NEAR WATERWAYS USE ONLY CHEMICALLY STABILIZED OR WASHED AGGREGATE. 4. REFER TO "NEW HAMPSHIRE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT MANUAL, VOLUME 3 CONSTRUCTION PHASE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS, DECEMBER 2008" FOR OTHER ALLOWABLE DUST CONTROL PRACTICES (I.E. COMMERCIAL TACKIFIERS OR CHEMICAL TREATMENTS SUCH AS CALCIUM CHLORIDE, ETC.)

#### STOCKPILE PRACTICES:

1. LOCATE STOCKPILES A MINIMUM OF 50-FT. AWAY FROM CONCENTRATED FLOWS OF STORMWATER, DRAINAGE COURSES OR INLETS.

2. PROTECT ALL STOCKPILES FROM STORMWATER RUN-ON USING TEMPORARY PERIMETER MEASURES SUCH AS DIVERSIONS, BERMS, SANDBAGS OR OTHER APPROVED PRACTICES.

3. STOCKPILES SHALL BE SURROUNDED BY SEDIMENT BARRIERS AS DESCRIBED ON THE PLANS AND IN NHSMM VOL. 3. TO PREVENT MIGRATION OF MATERIAL BEYOND THE IMMEDIATE CONFINES OF THE STOCKPILE.

4. IMPLEMENT WIND EROSION CONTROL PRACTICES AS APPROPRIATE ON ALL STOCKPILED MATERIAL. 5. PLACE BAGGED MATERIALS ON PALLETS OR UNDERCOVER.

PROTECTION OF INACTIVE STOCKPILES:

1. INACTIVE SOIL STOCKPILES SHALL BE COVERED WITH ANCHORED TARPS OR PROTECTED WITH SOIL STABILIZATION MEASURES (TEMPORARY SEED AND MULCH OR OTHER TEMPORARY STABILIZATION PRACTICE) AND TEMPORARY

PERIMETER SEDIMENT BARRIERS (I.E. SILT FENCE, ETC.) AT ALL TIMES. 2. INACTIVE STOCKPILES OF CONCRETE RUBBLE, ASPHALT CONCRETE RUBBLE, AGGREGATE MATERIALS, AND SIMILAR MATERIALS SHALL BE PROTECTED WITH TEMPORARY SEDIMENT PERIMETER BARRIERS (I.E. SILT FENCE, ETC.) AT ALL TIMES. IF THE MATERIALS ARE A SOURCE OF DUST, THEY SHALL ALSO BE COVERED.

FILE NO. 154

PLAN NO. C-3059

DWG. NO. 17233/SP-3

1. ALL STOCKPILES SHALL BE SURROUNDED WITH TEMPORARY LINEAR SEDIMENT BARRIERS (I.E. SILT FENCE, ETC.) PRIOR TO THE ONSET OF PRECIPITATION. PERIMETER BARRIERS SHALL BE MAINTAINED AT ALL TIMES, AND ADJUSTED AS NEEDED TO ACCOMMODATE THE DELIVERY AND REMOVAL OF MATERIAL FROM THE STOCKPILE. THE INTEGRITY OF THE BARRIER SHALL BE INSPECTED AT THE END OF EACH WORKING DAY.

2. WHEN A STORM IS PREDICTED, STOCKPILES SHALL BE PROTECTED WITH AN ANCHORED PROTECTIVE COVERING.

#### PERMANENT VEGETATION:

#### SPECIFICATIONS:

INSTALL NEEDED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES SUCH AS SILTATION BARRIERS, DIVERSIONS, AND SEDIMENT TRAPS. 2. GRADE AS NEEDED FOR THE ACCESS OF EQUIPMENT FOR SEEDBED PREPARATION, SEEDING, MULCH APPLICATION, AND MULCH ANCHORING.

3. RUNOFF SHALL BE DIVERTED FROM THE SEEDBED AREA. 4. ON SLOPES 4:1 OR STEEPER, THE FINAL PREPARATION SHALL INCLUDE CREATING HORIZONTAL GROOVES PERPENDICULAR TO THE DIRECTION OF THE SLOPE TO CATCH SEED AND REDUCE

WORK LIME AND FERTILIZER INTO THE SOIL AS NEARLY AS PRACTICAL TO A DEPTH OF 4 INCHES WITH A DISC, SPRING TOOTH HARROW OR OTHER SUITABLE EQUIPMENT. THE FINAL HARROWING OPERATION SHALL BE ON THE GENERAL CONTOUR. CONTINUE TILLAGE UNTIL A REASONABLY UNIFORM, FINE SEEDBED IS PREPARED. ALL BUT CLAY AND SILT SOILS SHALL

BE ROLLED TO FIRM THE SEEDBED WHEREVER FEASIBLE. REMOVE FROM THE SURFACE ALL STONES 2INCHES OR LARGER IN ANY DIMENSION. REMOVE ALL OTHER DEBRIS, SUCH AS WIRE, CABLE, TREE ROOTS, CONCRETE CLODS, LUMPS, TRASH OR OTHER UNSUITABLE MATERIAL.

INSPECT SEEDBED JUST BEFORE SEEDING. IF TRAFFIC HAS LEFT THE SOIL COMPACTED: THE AREA MUST BE TILLED AND FIRMED AS ABOVE. WHERE THE SOIL HAS BEEN COMPACTED BY CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS, LOOSEN SOIL TO A DEPTH OF 2 INCHES BEFORE APPLYING FERTILIZER, LIME AND SEED. 5. IF APPLICABLE, FERTILIZER AND ORGANIC SOIL AMENDMENTS SHALL BE APPLIED DURING THE

GROWING SEASON. APPLY LIMESTONE AND FERTILIZER ACCORDING TO SOIL TEST RECOMMENDATIONS. FERTILIZER SHALL BE RESTRICTED TO LIME, WOOD ASH OR LOW PHOSPHATE AND SLOW RELEASE NITROGEN VARIETIES. UNLESS A SOIL TEST WARRANTS OTHERWISE. IF SOIL TESTING IS NOT FEASIBLE ON SMALL OR VARIABLE SITES, OR WHERE TIMING IS CRITICAL FERTILIZER AND LIMESTONE MAY BE APPLIED AT THE FOLLOWING RATES:

LIMESTONE APPLICATION RATE = 3 TONS/ACRE (138 LB./1,000-SF)\* \*EQUIVALENT TO 50% CALCIUM PLUS MAGNÉSIUM OXIDE

FERTILIZER APPLICATION RATE = 870 LB./ACRE (20 LB./1,000-SF)\* \*LOW PHOSPHATE FERTILIZER (6-0-4) OR EQUIVALENT

## <u>SEEDING:</u> 1. INOCULATE ALL LEGUME SEED WITH THE CORRECT TYPE OF INOCULANT.

STABILIZATION MEASURES FOR OVER WINTER PROTECTION.

4. SEEDING RATES MUST BE INCREASED BY 10% WHEN HYDROSEEDING.

2. APPLY SEED UNIFORMLY BY HAND, CYCLONE SEEDER, DRILL CULTIPACKER TYPE SEEDER OR HYDROSEEDER (SLURRY INCLUDING SEED AND FERTILIZER). NORMAL SEEDING DEPTH IS FROM 1/4 TO 1/2 INCH. HYDROSEEDING THAT INCLUDES MULCH MAY BE LEFT ON SOIL SURFACE. 3. WHERE FÉASIBLE EXCEPT WHERE EITHER CULTIPACKER TYPE SEEDER OR HYDROSEEDER IS USED, THE SEEDBED SHALL BE FIRMED FOLLOWING SEEDING OPERATIONS WITH A ROLLER, OR

4. SPRING SEEDING USUALLY GIVES THE BEST RESULTS FOR ALL SEED MIXES OR WITH LEGUMES. PERMANENT SEEDING SHALL BE COMPLETED 45 DAYS PRIOR TO FIRST KILLING FROST. WHEN CROWN VETCH IS SEEDED IN LATE SUMMER AT LEAST 35% OF THE SEED SHALL BE HARD SEED (UNSCARIFIED). IF SEEDING CANNOT BE DONE WITHIN THE SPECIFIED SEEDING DATES, MULCH ACCORDING TO THE "TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT MULCHING" PRACTICE DESCRIBED IN THE NHSSM. VOL 3. AND DELAY SEEDING UNTIL THE NEXT RECOMMENDED SEEDING PERIOD. 5. AREAS SEEDED BETWEEN MAY 15 AND AUGUST 15 SHALL BE COVERED WITH HAY OR STRAW

MULCH, ACCORDING TO THE "TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT MULCHING" PRACTICE DESCRIBED IN THE NHSSM, VOL 3. VEGETATED GROWTH COVERING AT LEAST 85% OF THE DISTURBED AREA SHALL BE ACHIEVED PRIOR TO OCTOBER 15. IF THIS CONDITION IS NOT ACHIEVED, IMPLEMENT OTHER TEMPORARY

1. WHEN HYDROSEEDING (HYDRAULIC APPLICATION), PREPARE THE SEEDBED AS SPECIFIED ABOVE OR BY HAND RAKING TO LOOSEN AND SMOOTH THE SOIL AND REMOVE SURFACE STONES

LARGER THAN 2 INCHES IN DIAMETER. 2. SLOPES BUST BE NO STEEPER THAN 2:1 (2 FEET HORIZONTALLY BY 1 FOOT VERTICALLY. 3. LIME AND FERTILIZER MAY BE APPLIED SIMULTANEOUSLY WITH THE SEED. THE USE OF FIBER MULCH ON CRITICAL AREAS IS NOT RECOMMENDED (UNLESS IT IS USED TO HOLD STRAW OR HAY). BETTER PROTECTION IS GAINED BY USING STRAW MULCH AND HOLDING IT WITH ADHESIVE MATERIALS OR 500 POUNDS PER ACRE OF WOOD FIBER MULCH.

PERMANENT SEEDED AREAS SHALL BE INSPECTED AT LEAST MONTHLY DURING THE COURSE OF CONSTRUCTION. INSPECTION, MAINTENANCE AND CORRECTIVE ACTIONS SHALL CONTINUE UNTIL THE OWNER ASSUMES PERMANENT OPERATION OF THE SITE.

2. SEEDED AREAS SHALL BE MOWED AS REQUIRED TO MAINTAIN A HEALTHY STAND OF VEGETATION. MOWING HEIGHT AND FREQUENCY DEPEND OF TYPE OF GRASS COVER.

3. BASED ON INSPECTION, AREAS SHALL BE RESEEDED TO ACHIEVE FULL STABILIZATION O EXPOSED SOILS.

#### 4. AT A MINIMUM 85% OF THE SOIL SURFACE SHALL BE COVERED BY VEGETATION. 5. IF ANY EVIDENCE OF EROSION OR SEDIMENTATION IS APPARENT, REPAIRS SHALL BE MADE AND AREAS SHALL BE RESEEDED. WITH OTHER TEMPORARY MEASURES (I.E. MULCH, ETC.) USED TO PROVIDE EROSION PROTECTION DURING THE PERIOD OF VEGETATION ESTABLISHMENT.

## PERMANENT VEGETATION SEEDING RECOMMENDATIONS

| USE  | MIXTURE | SPECIES   | LBS./ACRE           | LBS./<br>1,000-SF            |
|--|---------|---|---------------------|------------------------------|
| STEEP CUTS AND<br>FILLS, BORROW<br>AND DISPOSAL<br>AREAS                               | А       | TALL FESCUE<br>CREEPING RED FESCUE<br>REDTOP<br>TOTAL | 20<br>20<br>2<br>42 | 0.45<br>0.45<br>0.05<br>0.95 |
| WATERWAYS,<br>EMERGENCY<br>SPILLWAYS, AND<br>OTHER<br>CHANNELS WITH<br>FLOWING WATER   | A       | TALL FESCUE<br>CREEPING RED FESCUE<br>REDTOP<br>TOTAL | 20<br>20<br>2<br>42 | 0.45<br>0.45<br>0.05<br>0.95 |
| LIGHTLY USED PARKING LOTS, ODD AREAS, UNUSED LANDS, AND LOW INTENSITY RECREATION SITES | A       | TALL FESCUE<br>CREEPING RED FESCUE<br>REDTOP<br>TOTAL | 20<br>20<br>2<br>42 | 0.45<br>0.45<br>0.05<br>0.95 |
| PLAY AREAS AND<br>ATHLETIC FIELDS<br>(TOPSOIL<br>ESSENTIAL FOR<br>GOOD TURF)           | F       | CREEPING RED FESCUE<br>KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS<br>TOTAL    | 50<br>50<br>100     | 1.15<br>1.15<br>2.30         |

NEW HAMPSHIRE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT MANUAL, VOLUME 3, TABLES . MINNICK, E.L. AND H.T. MARSHALL, (AUGUST 1992)

**GENERAL** 

**CONSTRUCTION PHASING:** 

A) IN AREAS THAT WILL NOT BE PAVED:

B) IN AREAS TO BE PAVED:

2. TEMPÓRARY STABILIZATION:

INDEPENDENT MONITOR.

FROM FROSION

REQUIREMENTS OR CODES.

SPECIFIC GUIDANCE.

MUST BE DELAYED.

FINISHED GRADING.

PERMANENT STABILIZATION:

MAXIMUM AREA OF DISTURBANCE

PRESERVE NATURAL VEGETATION.

A SITE IS DEEMED STABILIZED WHEN IT IS IN A CONDITION IN WHICH THE SOIL ON

b) A MINIMUM OF 3-INCHES OF NON-EROSIVE MATERIAL SUCH AS STONE OR A

SOON AS PRACTICABLE BUT NO LATER THAN 45 DAYS FROM THE TIME OF INITIAL DISTURBANCE, UNLESS A SHORTER TIME IS SPECIFIED BY LOCAL AUTHORITIES, THE

ALL AREAS OF EXPOSED OR DISTURBED SOIL SHALL BE PERMANENTLY STABILIZED AS

THE SMALLEST PRACTICAL AREA SHALL BE DISTURBED DURING CONSTRUCTION, BUT IN

NO CASE NO MORE THAN 5 ACRES SHALL BE DISTURBED (NOT STABILIZED) AT ANY

ALL GRADED OR DISTURBED AREAS INCLUDING SLOPES SHALL BE PROTECTED DURING

CLEARING AND CONSTRUCTION IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPROVED GRADING AND

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN DEPICTED ON <u>SHEET C-4</u>.
TOPSOIL REQUIRED FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF VEGETATION SHALL BE STOCKPILED

IN THE AMOUNT NECESSARY TO COMPLETE FINISHED GRADING AND BE PROTECTED

UNDER <u>"SOIL STOCKPILE PRACTICES"</u>.
SLOPES SHALL NOT BE CREATED SO CLOSE TO PROPERTY LINES AS TO ENDANGER

. AREAS TO BE FILLED SHALL BE CLEARED, GRUBBED AND STRIPPED OF TOPSOIL TO

ADJOINING PROPERTIES WITHOUT ADEQUATE PROTECTION AGAINST SEDIMENTATION,

REMOVE TREES, VEGETATION, ROOTS AND/OR OTHER OBJECTIONABLE MATERIALS.

12. ALL FILLS SHALL BE COMPACTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH PROJECT SPECIFICATIONS TO REDUCE EROSION, SLIPPAGE, SETTLEMENT, SUBSIDENCE OR OTHER RELATED

PROBLEMS. FILL INTENDED TO SUPPORT BUILDINGS, STRUCTURES, SITE UTILITIES,

CONDUITS AND OTHER FACILITIES, SHALL BE COMPACTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL

CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE APPROVED AS PART OF THE ISSUED PERMIT OR AN

SOON AS PRACTICABLE BUT NO LATER THAN 3 DAYS FOLLOWING FINAL GRADING.

B) EXCLUDE VEHICLES AND CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT FROM THESE AREAS TO

CONSTRUCTED, APPLIED AND MAINTAINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPROVED

8. STOCKPILES, BORROW AREAS AND SPOILS SHALL BE STABILIZED AS DESCRIBED

EROSION, SLIPPAGE, SETTLEMENT, SUBSIDENCE OR OTHER RELATED DAMAGE.

AREAS SHALL BE SCARIFIED TO A MINIMÚM DEPTH OF 3-INCHES PRIOR TO

PLACEMENT OF TOPSOIL. TOPSOIL SHALL BE PLACED WITHOUT SIGNIFICANT

13. IN GENERAL, FILLS SHALL BE COMPACTED IN LAYERS RANGING FROM 6 TO 24

GEOTECHNICAL REPORT AND/OR THE "PROJECT SPECIFIC PHASING NOTES" FOR

. ANY AND ALL FILL MATERIAL SHALL BE FREE OF BRUSH, RUBBISH, ROCKS (LARGER

THAN 3/4 THE DEPTH OF THE LIFT BEING INSTALLED), LOGS, STUMPS, BUILDING

DEBRIS, FROZEN MATERIAL AND OTHER OBJECTIONABLE MATERIALS THAT WOULD

THE OUTER FACE OF THE FILL SLOPE SHALL BE ALLOWED TO STAY LOOSE, NOT

PERPENDICULAR TO THE SLOPE. IF THE SOIL IS NOT TOO MOIST, EXCESSIVE

18. USE SLOPE BREAKS, SUCH AS DIVERSIONS, BENCHES, OR CONTOUR FURROWS AS

ROLLED OR COMPACTED, OR BLADE SMOOTHED. A BULLDOZER MAY RUN UP AND

DOWN THE FILL SLOPE SO THE DOZER TREADS (CLEAT TRACKS) CREATE GROOVES

17. ROUGHEN THE SURFACE OF ALL SLOPES DURING THE CONSTRUCTION OPERATION TO

RETAIN WATER, INCREASE INFILTRATION AND FACILITATE VEGETATION ESTABLISHMENT.

APPROPRIATE TO REDUCE THE LENGTH OF CUT-FILL SLOPES TO LIMIT SHEET AND

19. SEEPS OR SPRINGS ENCOUNTERED DURING CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE EVALUATED BY

20. STABILIZE ALL GRADED AREAS (AS ABOVE) WITH VEGETATION, CRUSHED STONE,

21. ALL GRADED AREAS SHALL BE PERMANENTLY STABILIZED IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING

RSA 430:53 AND CHAPTER ARG 3800 RELATIVE TO INVASIVE SPECIES.

SEDIMENT CONTROLS, DECEMBER 2008" (NHSMM, VOL. 3)

22. THE PROJECT SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED TO MEET ALL REQUIREMENTS AND INTENT OF

ABOVE NOTES EXCERPTED, ADAPTED AND REFERENCED FROM "NEW HAMPSHIRE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT MANUAL, VOLUME 3 CONSTRUCTION PHASE EROSION AND

RILL EROSION AND PREVENT GULLY EROSION. ALL BENCHES SHALL BE KEPT FREE

A PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER (PREFERABLY THE DESIGN ENGINEER) TO DETERMINE IF

THE PROPOSED DESIGN SHALL BE REVISED TO PROPERLY MANAGE THE CONDITION.

COMPOST BLANKET, OR OTHER GROUND COVER AS SOON AS GRADING IS COMPLETE

OTHER APPROVED METHODS TO STABILIZE AREAS TEMPORARILY WHERE FINAL GRADING

OR IF WORK IS INTERRUPTED FOR 21 WORKING DAYS OR MORE. USE MULCH OR

15. FROZEN MATERIAL OR SOFT, MUCKY OR HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE (I.E. CLAY, SILT)

MATERIALS ARE SUSCEPTIBLE TO ACCELERATED SETTLEMENT AND POTENTIAL

ACCELERATED EROSION. WORK IN AREAS OF THESE MATERIALS SHALL BE

INCHES IN THICKNESS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REVIEW THE PROJECT

INTERFERE WITH OR PREVENT CONSTRUCTION OF SATISFACTORY LIFTS.

PERFORMED UNDER THE DIRECTION OF A PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER.

OF SEDIMENT DURING ALL PHASES OF CONSTRUCTION.

COMPACTION TO PROVIDE A LOOSE BEDDING FOR PLACEMENT OF SEED.

ONLY DISTURB, CLEAR, OR GRADE AREAS NECESSARY FOR CONSTRUCTION.

DRAINAGE PLAN DEPICTED ON <u>SHEET C-3</u>.

6. ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES AND MEASURES SHALL BE

A) FLAG OR OTHERWISE DELINEATE AREAS NOT TO BE DISTURBED.

SITE WILL NOT EXPERIENCE ACCELERATED OR UNNATURAL EROSION UNDER THE CONDITIONS OF A 10-YEAR STORM EVENT, SUCH AS BUT NOT LIMITED TO:

a) A MINIMUM OF 85% VEGETATIVE COVER HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED;

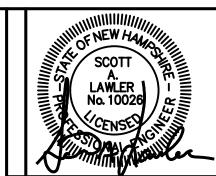
CERTIFIED COMPOST BLANKET HAS BEEN INSTALLED, OR;

c) EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS HAVE BEEN INSTALLED.

a) BASE COURSE GRAVELS HAVE BEEN INSTALLED.

# CIVIL ENGINEERS

CAREFULLY REVIEW ALL SHEETS OF THIS PACKAGE TO INSURE PROPER CONSTRUCTION. SPECIFIC SITE CONDITIONS SHOULD BE EXPLORED PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. CONTACT BOTH THE DESIGN ENGINEER AND THE PROJECT OWNER FOR ANY AVAILABLE GEOTECHNICAL OR HYDROGEOLOGICAL INFORMATION AVAILABLE BUT NOT CONTAINED WITH IN THE PLAN SET. IF THERE ARE ANY QUESTIONS WITH THE DESIGN PRESENTED IN THIS PLAN SET PLEASE CONTACT THE ENGINEERING STAFF AT NORWAY PLAINS ASSOCIATES, INC. (603)-335-3948.



## PROJECT SPECIFIC **CONSTRUCTION PHASING:**

 REFER TO THE "GENERAL CONSTRUCTION PHASING" NOTES PRIOR TO COMMENCING CONSTRUCTION IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FOLLOWING PHASING. THE "GENERAL CONSTRUCTION PHASING" NOTES APPLY TO THE OVERALL CONSTRUCTION AND SHALL BE ADHERED TO. 2. INSTALL ALL TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL BARRIERS (I.E. SILT FENCE,

EROSION CONTROL MIX BERM, STONE CHECK DAMS, ETC.) AROUND THE OUTER PERIMETER OF THE CONSTRUCTION SITE AS DEPICTED ON SHEET C-4 PRIOR TO EARTH MOVING OPERATIONS. ALL AREAS OF EXPOSED OR DISTURBED SOIL SHALL BE TEMPORARILY STABILIZED AS INSTALL ORANGE CONSTRUCTION FENCING AT THE LIMITS OF IMPACT AREA AS DEPICTED ON SEE SHEET C-4. INSTALL ORANGE CONSTRUCTION AROUND

> IN PLACE UNTIL CONSTRUCTION OF THE BASINS HAS STARTED. 4. CLEAR, GRUB AND STRIP THE SITE. STUMPS, BRUSH AND OTHER ORGANIC WASTE SHALL BE DISPOSED OF OFF-SITE IN ACCORDANCE WITH STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS.

THE PEREMITER OF THE INFILTATION BASINS AND THE FENCE SHALL REMAIN

5. INSTALL A TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EXIT AT THE LOCATION OF THE PROPOSED PARKING AREA. MAINTAIN AS DIRECTED BY THE TEMPORARY

CONSTRUCTION EXIT DETAIL. STOCKPILE STRIPPED TOPSOIL AND CUT MATERIAL TO BE REUSED ON SITE IN AN APPROPRIATE LOCATION IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE "SOIL STOCKPILES PRACTICES". MAINTAIN THE STOCKPILES AS DIRECTED IN THE "SOIL STOCKPILE PRACTICES".

PERFORM THE NECESSARY CUTS AND FILLS TO CONSTRUCT THE INFILTRATION BASIN AS DEPICTED ON SHEET C-3 AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE INFILTRATION BASIN DETAILS SHOWN ON SHEET C-9.

8. CONSTRUCT THE INFILTRATION BASIN, SEDIMENT FOREBAY AND OUTLET

PROTECTION. LOAM SEED AND MULCH THE SIDE SLOPES OF THE BASIN AS DIRECTED IN THE INFILTRATION BASIN DETAILS. 9. ALL DITCHES/SWALES/AND BASINS SHALL BE STABILIZED PRIOR TO DIRECTING RÚNOFF TÓ THEM.

10. PERFORM THE NECESSARY CUTS AND FILLS TO SUBGRADE IN THE BUILDING AND PARKING LOT AREAS. A) INSTALL REQUIRED FILLS IN MAXIMUM 8-INCH LIFTS AND COMPACT EACH LIFT TO 95% MAXIMUM PROCTOR DENSITY. 11. AS SUBGRADE IS ACHIEVED INSTALL REMAINING SEDIMENT CONTROL

BARRIERS WITHIN THE SITE (I.E. ADDITIONAL SILT FENCE, CHECK DAMS AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS AND CATCH BASINS, ETC.) 12. INSTALL ALL UTILITIES AND CLOSED DRAINAGE SYSTEM COMPONENTS (I.E. PIPE CULVERTS, CATCH BASINS AND REMAINING WATER MAIN) PER THE CORRESPONDING DETAILS AND AS SHOWN ON SHEET C-3 AND C-5. AS EACH STRUCTURE IS COMPLETED INSTALL THE CORRESPONDING

13. CONSTRUCT THE INFILTRATION BASINS AND OUTLET PROTECTION. LOAM SEED AND MULCH THE SIDE SLOPES OF THE BASIN AS DIRECTED IN THE INFILTRATION BASIN DETAILS AND TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL BARRIER DEPICTED ON SHEET C-11.

14. ALL CUT AND FILL SLOPES AND LAWN AREAS NOT TO BE PAVED SHALL BE LOAMED AND SEEDED FOR PERMANENT VEGETATION AND STABILIZATION AS DESCRIBED UNDER THE "PERMANENT VEGETATION PRACTICES" WITHIN 3

DAYS OF ACHIEVING FINAL GRADE 15. INSTALL ALL GRAVEL BASE AND CRUSHED GRAVEL MATERIALS FOR THE PARKING AREA AS SPECIFIED IN THE CORRESPONDING DETAILS.

16. THE PARKING AREAS SHALL BE STABILIZED (CONSTRUCTED TO GRAVEL BASE COURSE) WITHIN 3 DAYS OF ACHIEVING FINISHED SUBGRADE 17. INSTALL PAVEMENT SURFACES AS SOON AS POSSIBLE AFTER THE

INSTALLATION OF THE GRAVEL BASE AND CRUSHED GRAVEL, IN ORDER TO LIMIT THE SOIL EROSION AND POLLUTION OF THE GRAVEL MATERIALS WITH ORGANIC MATERIALS. IN NO CASE SHALL AREAS TO BE PAVED BE LEFT UNPROTECTED THROUGH OUT THE WINTER MONTHS.

18. ALL DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE STABILIZED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE. IN

NO CASE SHALL ANY DISTURBED AREA BE LEFT UN-STABILIZED FOR LONGER THAN 21 DAYS. IF NECESSARY TEMPORARY STABILIZATION MEASURES AS DISCUSSED IN THE "GENERAL CONSTRUCTION PHASING NOTES" AND NHSMM, VOL. 3 SHOULD BE EMPLOYED.

MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION:

1. DURING CONSTRUCTION ALL TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT SEDIMENT, EROSION CONTROL AND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PRACTICES SHOULD BE INSPECTED WEEKLY, AFTER EVERY 1/2 INCH OF RAINFALL, AND ANNUALLY, EXCESS SEDIMENT SHOULD BE REMOVED FROM TEMPORARY SEDIMENT. EROSION CONTROL AND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PRACTICES WHEN IT REACHES PRESCRIBED THRESHOLDS DISCUSSED IN THE DETAILS FOR EACH PRACTICE.

. ALL DAMAGED TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT SEDIMENT, EROSION CONTROL AND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PRACTICES SHOULD BE REPAIRED OR REPLACED IMMEDIATELY UPON NOTICE SEDIMENT SHALL BE DISPOSED OF PROPERLY EITHER ON SITE OR OFF SITE. PROJECT COMPLETION AND STABILIZATION:

1. UPON PROJECT COMPLETION, ONCE THE SITE IS DEEMED STABILIZED

(VEGETATION IS GERMINATED), THE TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL BARRIERS AND EROSION CONTROL PRACTICES SHALL BE REMOVED. ANY DISTURBANCE CREATED DURING REMOVAL SHALL BE REPAIRED IN AN APPROPRIATE MANNER. 2. ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED FROM ALL ON SITE CATCH BASINS AND THE SEDIMENT FOREBAYS TO THE INFILTRATION BASIN.

## WINTER STABILIZATION & **CONSTRUCTION PRACTICES:**

MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS:

MAINTENANCE MEASURES SHALL BE PERFORMED THROUGHOUT CONSTRUCTION, INCLUDING OVER THE WINTER PERIOD. AFTER EACH RAINFALL, SNOWSTORM, OR PERIOD OF THAWING AND RUNOFF, THE SITE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONDUCT INSPECTION OF ALL INSTALLED EROSION CONTROL PRACTICES AND PERFORM REPAIRS AS NEEDED TO INSURE THEIR CONTINUED FUNCTION.

FOR ANY AREA STABILIZED BY TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT SEEDING PRIOR TO THE ONSET OF THE WINTER SEASON, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONDUCT AN INSPECTION IN THE SPRING TO ASCERTAIN THE CONDITION OF THE VEGETATION AND REPAIR ANY DAMAGED AREAS OR BARE SPOTS AND RESEED AS REQUIRED TO ACHIEVE AN ESTABLISHED VEGETATIVE COVER (AT LEAST 85% OF AREA VEGETATED WITH HEALTHY, VIGOROUS GROWTH.)

SPECIFICATIONS: THE FOLLOWING STABILIZATION TECHNIQUES SHALL BE EMPLOYED DURING THE PERIOD FROM OCTOBER 15 THROUGH MAY 15. THE AREA OF EXPOSED, UNSTABILIZED SOIL SHALL BE LIMITED TO 1-ACRE AND SHALL BE PROTECTED AGAINST EROSION BY THE METHODS DISCUSSED IN NHSMM, VOL. 3 AND ELSEWHERE IN THIS PLAN SET, PRIOR TO ANY THAW OR SPRING MELT EVENT.

STABILIZATION AS FOLLOWS SHALL BE COMPLETED WITHIN A DAY OF ESTABLISHING THE GRADE THAT IS FINAL OR THAT OTHERWISE WILL EXIST FOR MORE THAN 5 DAYS.

A. ALL PROPOSED VEGETATED AREAS HAVING A SLOPE OF LESS THAN 15% WHICH DO NOT EXHIBIT A MINIMUM 85% VEGETATIVE GROWTH BY OR ARE DISTURBED AFTER OCTOBER 15, SHALL BE SEEDED AND COVERED WITH 3 TO 4 TONS OF HAY OR STRAW MULCH PER ACRE SECURED WITH ANCHORED NETTING, OR 2 INCHES OF EROSION CONTROL MIX

(REFER TO NHSMM, VOL. 3 FOR SPECIFICATION). B. ALL PROPOSED VEGETATED AREAS HAVING A SLOPE OF GREATER THAN 15% WHICH DO NOT EXHIBIT A MINIMUM OF 85% VEGETATIVE GROWTH BY OR ARE DISTURBED AFTER OCTOBER 15 SHALL BE SEEDED AND COVERED WITH A PROPERLY INSTALLED EROSION CONTROL BLANKET OR WITH A MINIMUM OF 4 INCHES OF EROSION CONTROL MIX, UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED BY THE MANUFACTURER. NOTE THAT COMPOST BLANKETS SHALL NOT EXCEED 2 INCHES IN THICKNESS OR THEY MAY

3. ALL STONE COVERED SLOPES MUST BE CONSTRUCTED AND STABILIZED BY OCTOBER 15.

INSTALLATION OF ANCHORED HAY MULCH OR EROSION CONTROL MIX SHALL NOT OCCUR OVER SNOW OF GREATER THAN 1 INCH IN DEPTH.

5. ALL MULCH APPLIED DURING WINTER SHALL BE ANCHORED (I.E. BY NETTING, TRACKING, WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER). WITHIN 24 HOURS OF STOCKPILING SOIL MATERIALS SHALL BE MULCHED

FOR OVER WINTER PROTECTION WITH HAY OR STRAW AT TWICE THE NORMAL RATE OR WITH A 4 INCH LAYER OF EROSION CONTROL MIX. MULCH SHALL BE REESTABLISHED PRIOR TO ANY RAIN OR SNOWFALL. NO SOIL STOCKPILE SHALL BE PLACED (EVEN COVERED WITH MULCH) WITHIN 100-FT OF ANY WETLAND OR OTHER WATER RESOURCE AREA.

FROZEN MATERIAL (I.E. FROST LAYER REMOVED DURING WINTER CONSTRUCTION) SHALL BE STOCKPILED SEPARATELY AND IN A LOCATION AWAY FROM AŃY AREA NEEDING PROTECTION. FROZEN MATERIAL STOCKPILES CAN MELT IN SPRING AND BECOME UNWORKABLE AND DIFFICULT TO TRANSPORT DUE TO HIGH SOIL MOISTURE CONTENT.

INSTALLATION OF EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS SHALL NOT OCCUR OVER SNOW OF GREATER THAN 1 INCH IN DEPTH OR ON FROZEN GROUND. ALL GRASS-LINED DITCHES AND CHANNELS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED BY SEPTEMBER 1. ALL DITCHES AND SWALES WHICH DO NOT EXHIBIT 85% VEGETATIVE GROWTH BY OR ARE DISTURBED AFTER OCTOBER 15. SHALL BE STABILIZED TEMPORARILY WITH STONE OR EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS APPROPRIATE FOR THE DESIGN FLOW CONDITIONS AS DETERMINED BY A PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER. IF STONE LINING IS NECESSARY, THE CONTRACTOR MAY NEED TO RE-GRADE THE DITCH AS REQUIRED TO PROVIDE ADEQUATE CROSS-SECTION AFTER ALLOWING FOR PLACEMENT OF

THE STONE 10. ALL STONE LINED DITCHES AND CHANNELS MUST BE CONSTRUCTED AND STABILIZED BY OCTOBER 15.

11. AFTER OCTOBER 15. INCOMPLETE ROAD OR PARKING AREAS WHERE ACTIVE CONSTRUCTION HAS STOPPED FOR THE WINTER SHALL BE PROTECTED WITH A MINIMUM 3 INCH LAYER OF SAND AND GRAVEL WITH A GRADATION THAT IS LESS THAN 12% OF THE SAND PORTION, OR MATERIAL PASSING THE NUMBER 4 SIEVE, BY WEIGHT, PASSES THE NUMBER 200 SIEVE.

12. SEDIMENT BARRIERS THAT ARE INSTALLED DURING FROZEN CONDITIONS SHALL CONSIST OF EROSION CONTROL MIX BERMS. OR CONTINUOUS CONTAINED BERMS. SILT FENCES AND HAY BALES SHALL NOT BE INSTALLED WHEN FROZEN CONDITIONS PREVENT PROPER EMBEDMENT OF THESE BARRIERS.

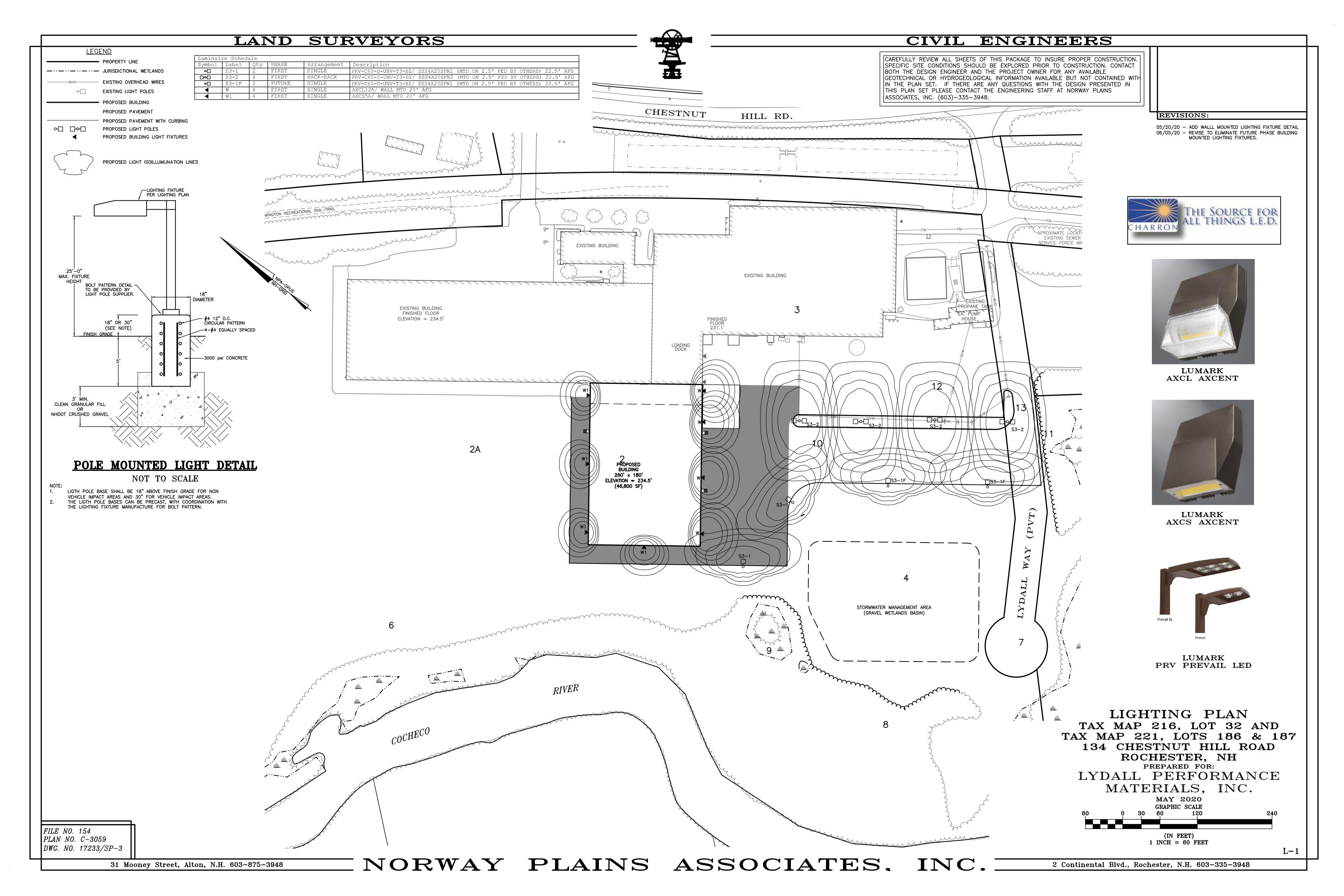
PERMANENT EROSION & SEDIMENTATION CONTROL **DETAILS** 

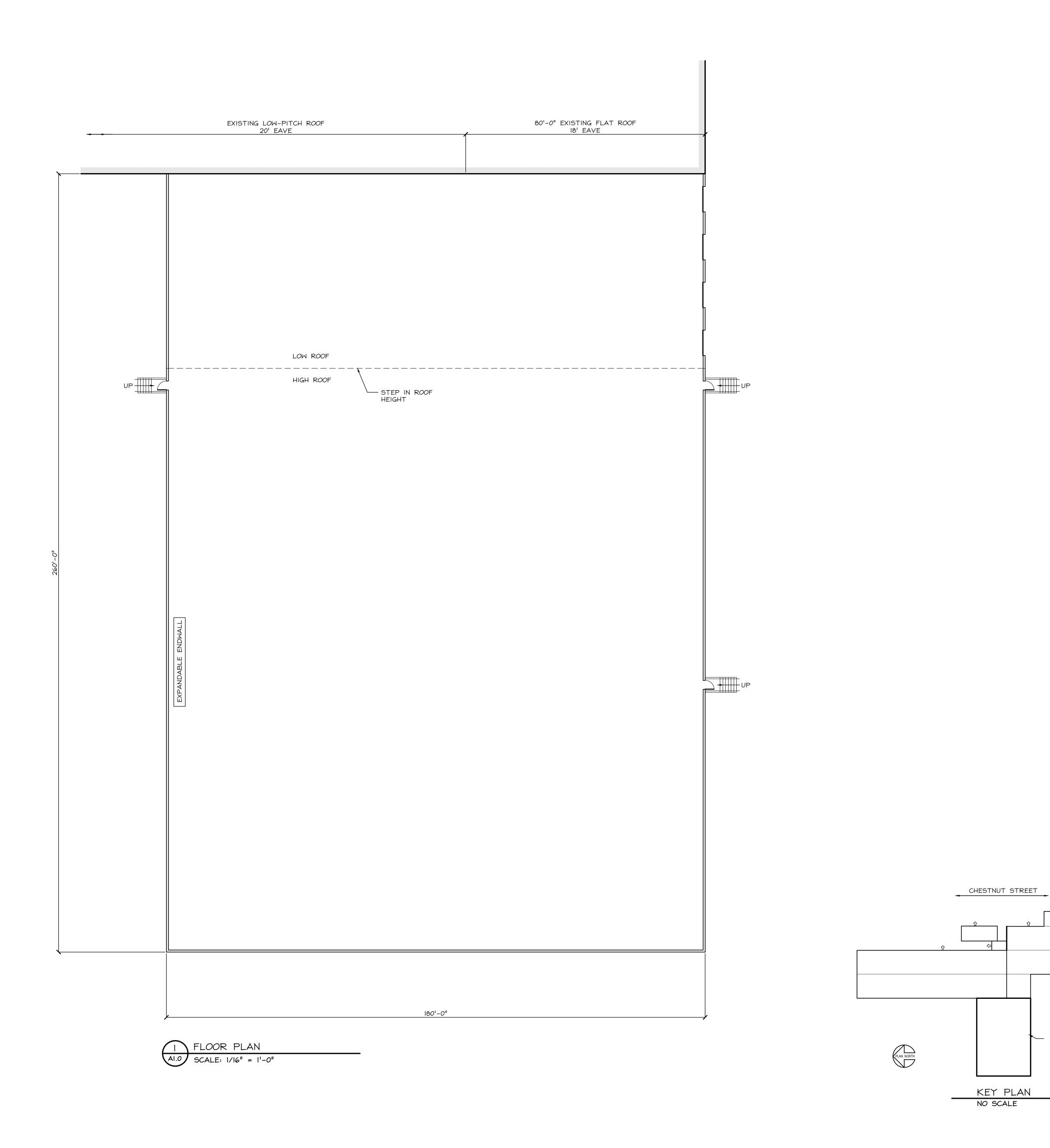
TAX MAP 216, LOT 32 AND TAX MAP 221, LOTS 186 & 187 134 CHESTNUT HILL ROAD ROCHESTER, NH PREPARED FOR:

LYDALL PERFORMANCE MATERIALS, INC. MAY 2020

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2 Continental Blvd., Rochester, N.H. 603-335-3948



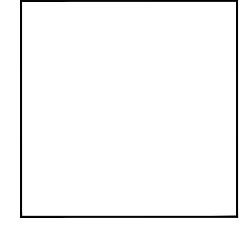




Budel Construction
Meaderboro Rd.
Rochester, NH

Addition to Lydall Performance Materials
134 Chestnut Hill Road
Rochester, NH

-Preliminary-Not for Construction 05-01-2020



Date: Scale: As Noted
Design By: RB
Approved By: -

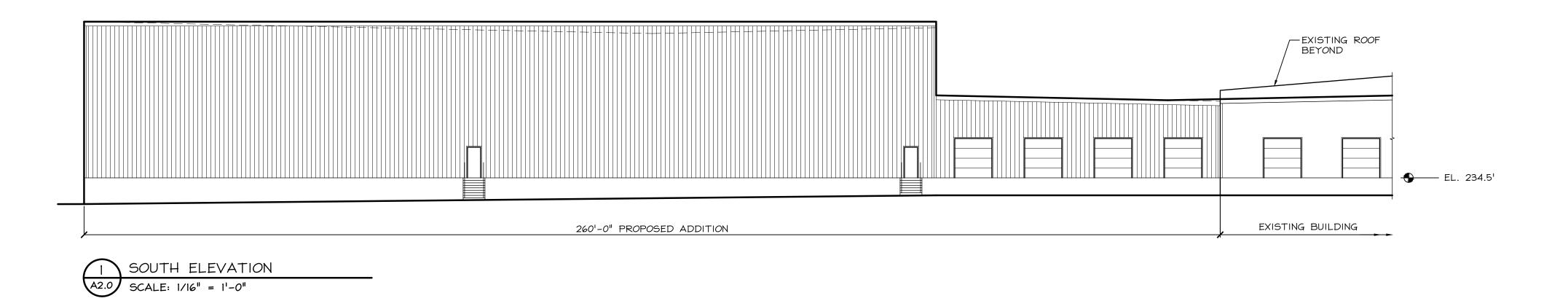
Revisions

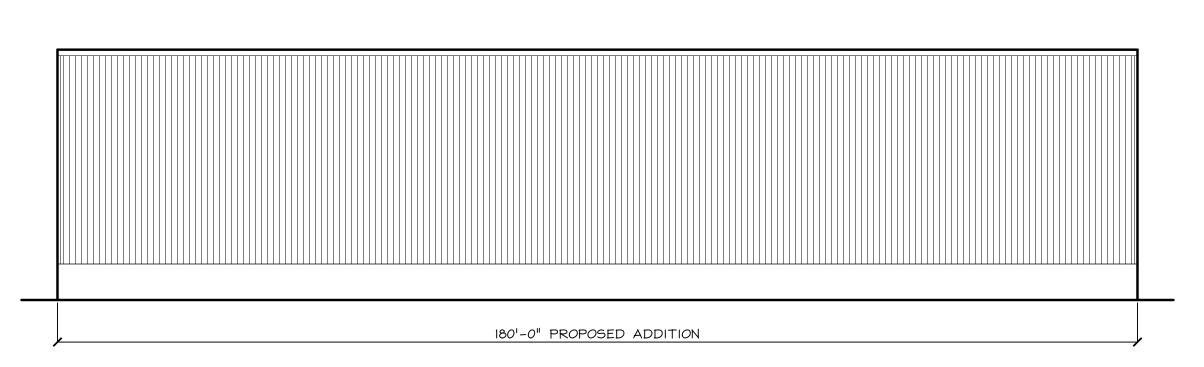
Floor Plan

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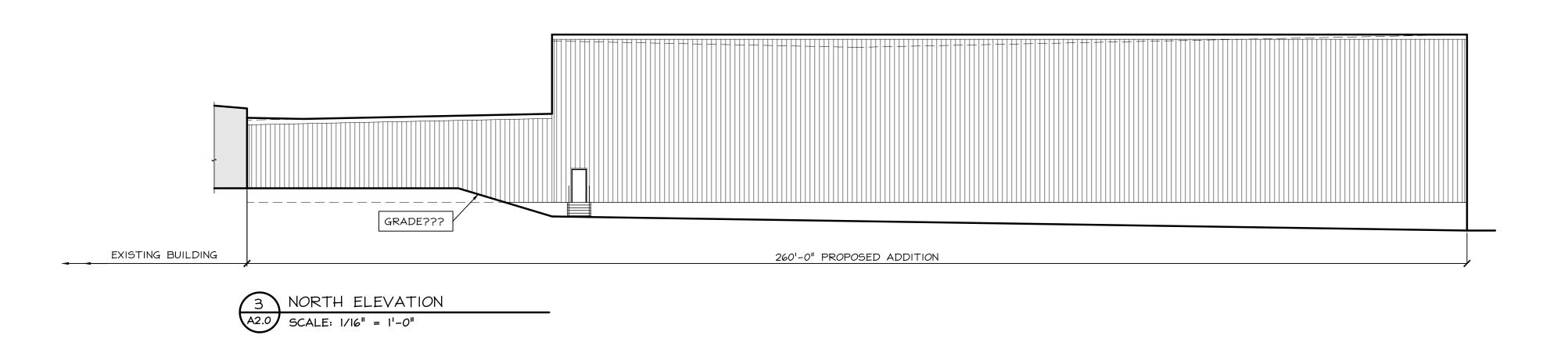
Project No: 20-0414

- PROPOSED ADDITION







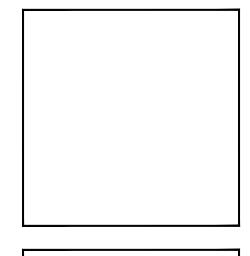


Client:
Budel Cor

Budel Construction Meaderboro Rd. Rochester, NH

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Revisions

Elevations

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